

TUAN AND CABINET RESIGN; PRESIDENT OBJECTS TO HASTE

Premier Quits On Rebuke
For Ignoring Parliament
And Chief Executive

HAD DECIDED WAR

Cabled Tokio Would Break
With Germany; Join Allies
'At Proper Time'

FIX TERMS LATER

Tuan now in Tientsin; Suc-
cessor Will Probably Be
Li Ching-hsi

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Peking, March 4.—Premier Tuan
Chi-jui, after an altercation with the
President over China's action with
regard to Germany, sent in his
resignation and left for Tientsin. His
resignation will probably not be
accepted; at any rate, China's
attitude towards Germany will not be
altered.

It appears that the Cabinet today
went to the President's office and
reported the decision they had reached,
but, apparently, before any step is
taken, it will be referred to Parlia-
ment.

In the course of a discussion, Premier
Tuan Chi-jui revealed certain negotia-
tions which he has been carrying on,
whereupon President Li Yuan-hung
rebuked him, stating that he was
President and Commander-in-Chief of
the army and navy and, therefore,
should have been consulted. Premier
Tuan Chi-jui then created a scene
and afterwards left for Tientsin, by
the afternoon train.

Parliament's Rights

Peking, March 5.—The reports of
the political crisis are very conflict-
ing, but it appears to be mainly due
to a difference of opinion between the
President and the Premier on the
question of submitting the decision
of the Cabinet to Parliament. Pre-
mier Tuan Chi-jui contends that,
inasmuch as the Cabinet is a
responsible one, the President has no
right to oppose its decision.

On the other hand, President Li
Yuan-hung considers that such a
grave question as the severance of
relations with Germany and the
possible entry of China into the war
on the side of the Entente requires
a national decision and must be sub-
mitted to Parliament. The Presi-
dent, therefore, refused to approve
the decision of the Cabinet.

The Peking Gazette also reports
that Premier Tuan Chi-jui, without
the knowledge of President Li Yuan-
hung, despatched certain instructions
to the Chinese Minister at Tokio,
which necessitated a consultation
with Japan before the Chinese
Government was able to approach
the Entente in any important matter
connected with future action to-
wards Germany. The Cabinet, there-
fore, drafted a telegram, which was
to be delivered to the Japanese
Government, before the decision of
the Government was communicated
to the other Entente Powers.

This telegram instructed the Chi-
nese Minister in Tokio to inform the
Japanese Government that the
Chinese Government had decided to
sever relations with Germany im-
mediately and, at the proper time,
to enter the war on the side of the
Entente. With regard to the defini-
tion of the war-services of China
and compensation, these matters
would have to be fixed by mutual
agreement at the proper time. This
telegram was submitted to the
President, yesterday, at a special
conference.

According to the Peking Gazette, it
was pointed out that this communi-
cation not only bound China to break
with Germany, for which, technically,
it is not necessary to secure the ap-
proval of Parliament, though it would
be expedient to do so, but it also
committed China to declare war and

(Continued on Page 11)

Detain U.S. Prisoners On Yarrowdale; Say British Have Typhus

Washington Learns Four Amer-
ican Consuls Still Being
Held as Hostages

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Amsterdam, March 3.—A message
from Berlin states that the Americans
brought into Germany on board the
s.s. Yarrowdale are still detained, be-
cause the British seamen have spot-
ted typhus. It is hoped to raise the
quarantine on the 7th.
Washington, March 1.—The State
Department is informed that Ger-
many is detaining four American
Consuls until she has been officially
advised that the United States is
allowing the German Consuls there
to proceed to the posts in South
America to which they have been as-
signed. Irritation is felt at the con-
tinued detention of the Americans
who were brought into Germany on
board the s.s. Yarrowdale.

Urge British Stop Now Kut Regained

Newspaper Military Expert Ar-
gues Concentration Against
Germany Is Vital

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, March 2.—The military
expert of the Morning Post depre-
cates a further advance beyond Kut.
He says that it is time to reduce to
a minimum the forces engaged in
distant operations and to concen-
trate on the defeat of Germany.
The Times remarks that General
Maude has completely restored
British prestige in the Middle East
and even those who look askance on
the Mesopotamian adventure are
bound to acknowledge that his
achievement has solid value and may
have far-reaching results.

The Admiralty announces that, in
Mesopotamia, the river gun-boats
Tarantula, Mantis and Moth came
into contact with and passed the
retreating Turkish army, westward of
Shumran, on February 26, inflicted
heavy loss and captured or destroyed
four Turkish steamers and a number
of barges containing ammunition.
In the House of Commons, Mr.
H. W. Forster stated that the im-
provement in transport is largely
responsible for the success in Mesopot-
amia. Medical conditions there are
now generally satisfactory. There
was necessarily some considerable
sickness during the summer, but the
ratio has since steadily decreased.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain has
heartily congratulated General
Maude on his brilliant success in
Mesopotamia and the gallantry and
endurance of his troops. General
Maude, in reply, says that the de-
votion to duty and the gallantry of
his troops, both British and Indian,
has been matchless.

Russian Army Regains Hamadan from Turks

Make Other Captures; Gas At-
tack at Narotch Throws
Germans Into Panic

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, March 4.—(By wireless).
—A Russian official communiqué re-
ports: Our Persian detachments
have taken the offensive in the
direction of Bidjar and have occu-
pied a village two miles south-west
of that place. We captured Hama-
dan, in Persia, on Friday.
A gas attack, northward of Lake
Narotch, provoked a panic in the
enemy's trenches. We drove out
the Germans who entered our first-
line trenches south-westward of
Brzezany.

185,000 are Enslaved In German East Africa

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, March 3.—The Anti-
Slavery Aborigines Protection Society
has appealed to the Colonial Office to
proclaim the freedom of 185,000 slaves
in German East Africa.

CARRANZA REFUSES ANY DISCUSSION OF GERMAN PROPOSAL

Plot Justified, Says Berlin,
By Intelligent Antici-
pation of Breach

WORST WITHHELD

Intrigue Believed To Cover
All S. America And
Cuban Revolt

CHINA PRESS' OWN SERVICE
Washington, March 4.—President
Carranza refuses to speak at all on
the terms proposed by Germany for
Mexico to declare war on the United
States.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Amsterdam, March 3.—Germany
justifies her intrigue in Mexico
against America on the ground that
it constituted intelligent antici-
pation, which was subsequently just-
ified, of America abandoning her neu-
trality. Germany is angry at the
"treachery" by means of which the
intrigue was discovered.

Important Note Withheld

New York, March 2.—A message
from Tokio states that Baron
Motoono, the Minister for Foreign
Affairs, told the representative of the
Associated Press that Japan had re-
ceived no proposal to join in a possi-
ble war against the United States
and the idea was ridiculous and
based on the outrageous presumption
that Japan would abandon her
allies.

The Washington correspondent of
the New York World states that there
is a strong impression that an im-
portant section of Dr. Zimmermann's
Note has been withheld from publica-
tion and that the Government has
correspondence showing that the Ger-
mans sought to alienate the South
American and Central American
countries from the United States,
instigated the recent revolt in Cuba
and plotted a reign of terror in the
United States in the event of
trouble.

To Prevent U. S. Fighting

Washington, March 2.—It is now
known that Count Bernstorff was
instructed from Berlin to arrange
for the dismantling of the German
ships in the United States, simul-
taneously with the receipt by Mexico
of Dr. Zimmermann's Note.

It is inferred that detailed instruc-
tions were sent to Count Bernstorff
to make war by the United States
impossible. Officials are reticent,
but it is indicated that the plot was
general and wholesale.

NOW AT CRISIS, BRITAIN SAYS ALL MUST SERVE

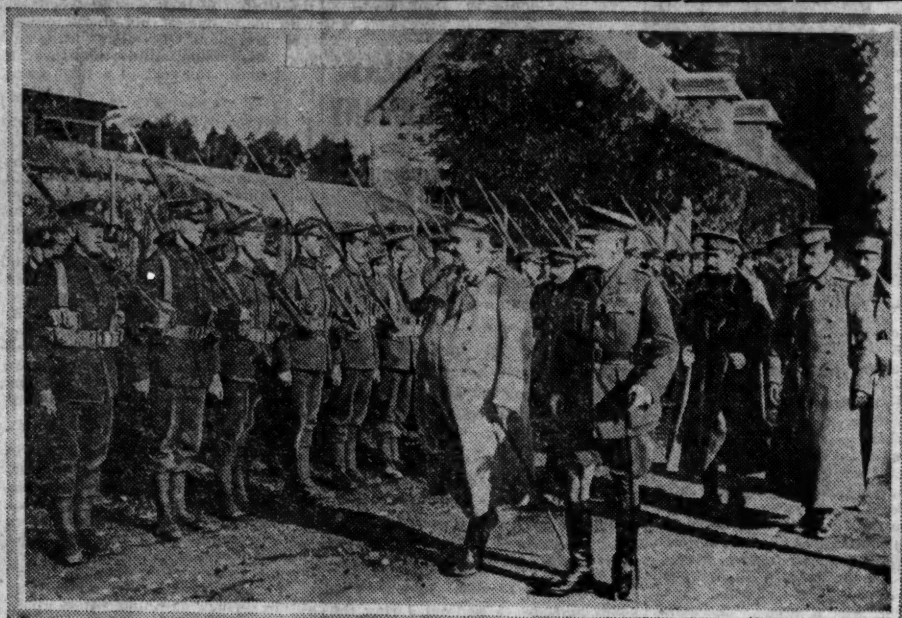
Employment or Hardship Are
No Excuse; Call Up Students
And Religious Workers

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, March 3.—The Press
Bureau issues the following com-
munique: The Army Council has
ordered a general revision of the
certificates of exemption of men
under thirty-one years of age. The
Government impresses on the tribu-
nals that the war is reaching a
critical stage, that it is imperative
to obtain more men for the army
and exemption is in no way justified
on the ground of employment or
hardship, unless for very exceptional
reasons. It intimates that the special
arrangements postponing the calling
up of religious workers and students
are terminated.

The Weather

Very cloudy weather. The maxi-
mum temperature recorded yester-
day was 51.8 and the minimum 32.5,
the figures for the corresponding day
last year being respectively 53.2
and 30.8.

King of Montenegro Reviews His Little Army



Little has been heard of Montenegro's place in the Balkans, but the small forces of the little kingdom have been doing their part. King Nicholas of Montenegro is here shown reviewing Montenegrin troops before their departure to take part in the Allied offensive for the recovery of Serbia.

Lieut. Stewart's Funeral At Bubbling Well Today

Parade Route From Mortuary
To Recreation Ground And
From There to Cemetery

Corps Orders by Major T. E.
Trueman, Commandant, S. V. C.
Headquarters, Town Hall, Shanghai,
March 5, 1917.

It is with profound regret the Com-
mandant records the death of 2nd
Lieut. H. B. Stewart, of the Shang-
hai Scottish, which occurred on
Saturday, March 3, while leading his
men during the field maneuvers in
the Western District.

The funeral will take place at the
Bubbling Well Cemetery on Tuesday,
March 6, at 4.30 p.m.

The O. C. Artillery will detail a
gun carriage with team and the O. C.
Shanghai Scottish the firing party.
The gun carriage, firing party and
Shanghai Scottish will parade at the
mortuary, Fearon Road, in time to
move off at 4 p.m.

Officers, N. C. Os. and men of other
units who attend the funeral, also
the Band, will parade on the Public
Recreation Ground, in front of the
Golf Club, ready to move off at 3.30
p.m.

The route from Fearon Road will
be—Range Road, Chapoo Road,
Chapoo Road Bridge, Museum Road,
Peking Road, Kiangse Road, Nan-
king Road and Bubbling Well Road.
Dress—Church Parade Order with
helmets, the Shanghai Scottish with
Glengarrys. The firing party only
will carry rifles.

Yang Tchong Speaks To Business Visitors

Addresses American Commer-
cial Commission on Friend-
ship of Two Republics

H. E. Yang Tchong, Commissioner
of Foreign Affairs, met the members
of the American Commercial Com-
mission, in an informal way at the
Astor House on Sunday. Commissioner
Yang represented the China Products
Improvement Association and the
China Commercial and Industrial
Association. He made a short address
in which he dwelt upon the good
feeling and confidence existing be-
tween the United States and China.
He bade the visitors welcome and
said that such visits served to
cement the friendship already evident
to all. Hon. David S. Rose replied
in a happy vein. The American
visitors departed for Nanjing and
Northern cities Sunday night.

Mine Sinks British Destroyer; All Lost

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, March 4.—The Admiralty
announces that a destroyer was
sunk, with all hands, in the North
Sea, on the 1st. It probably struck
a mine.

Germans Yield Still More Ground as British Advance

Haig Gains Nearly Mile in Places; Captures Defences
Near Bouchavesnes; Close Quarters at Loupart

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 4.—Field Marshal
Sir Douglas Haig reported on Friday
evening: We made further progress,
north of Warlencourt and Eaucourt
and north-westward of Puisieux-au-
Mont and repulsed counter-attacks
on our advanced positions, north-
westward of Ligny-Thillois, inflicting
loss on the enemy. As the result of
today's fighting in the region of the
Ancre, we took 128 prisoners.

We raided the enemy's trenches in
the neighborhood of Angres-Calonne
and Loos.

Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday
evening: After a stubborn resistance,
we made further progress northward
of Puisieux-au-Mont and eastward of
Gommecourt. Our line advanced a
quarter-of-a-mile on a front of five
miles.

An enemy bombing attack forced us
to evacuate a trench eastward of
Sailly-Saillais, but we regained the
ground by an immediate counter-
attack.

Capture German Lines

Sir Douglas Haig reported this
evening: We attacked and captured
the enemy's front and support lines,
eastwards of Bouchavesnes, on a
front of 1,200 yards, taking 173 pri-
soners. We repulsed several counter-
attacks, inflicting heavy loss on the
enemy.

The enemy continue to yield ground,
eastward of Gommecourt, where we
advanced a depth of 1,200 yards, on a
front of two miles. The prisoners
taken today totalled 190.
Reuter's correspondent at British
headquarters, in a message sent
yesterday, states that the partial
halt in the German retirement during
the past two days is due to the increasing
difficulty of the enemy to carry out
the movement unobserved.

We are profiting by the lull to push
forward our communications and con-
solidate our advance. For instance,
yesterday was largely devoted to
cleaning up, with the result that over
two hundred prisoners were rounded
up at various points, while our
artillery secured a new objective.

Running Guns Away

The lengthening of the range of the
enemy's artillery indicates that the
withdrawal of their guns continues
and aerial photographs have disclosed
the movement to the rear of their
batteries by road and rail.

The British troops repudiate the
suggestion that the new gas-shells
are responsible for the enemy's retire-
ment, which is due to the tenacity,
gallantry and increasing weight of our
armies.

Correspondents at British head-
quarters, telegraphing on Friday
night, emphasised that the enemy
carefully concealed from their troops
the fact that they were retreating
and the prisoners taken at Gomme-
court refused to believe that their

comrades had gone and the fortress
had surrendered.

A dense white fog, yesterday, suc-
ceeding a frost during the night,
hampered observation and delayed
the drying of the ground. The ad-
vance of the British and the retreat
of the Germans is necessarily slow,
but the British have reached the
enemy's position at Achiet-le-Petit,
the first of two remaining trench
systems before Bapaume.

Get to Close Quarters

Fighting at close quarters is pro-
ceeding at Loupart Wood, north of
Warlencourt, in consequence of the
enemy trying to recover the position,
which they lost too soon. Their at-
tempt failed.

Bavarian troops also made a coun-
ter-attack, on Thursday night, near
Le Transloy, but they were driven
back before reaching the British
division, leaving 50 dead.

The enemy are now approximating
to the general line which they will
probably defend with a show of
force. Their present positions are
very uncomfortable, many being
filled with water, but they are de-
fended by forests of wire.

Our advance has wonderfully
stimulated the British troops, who
are eager to show their skill in the
open. Men actually request to be
kept in the line when they fear they
will be withdrawn to rest in billets.
Mr. Beach Thomas denies that the
German retreat is due to the British
gas-shells. He says that these are
undoubtedly superior to those of the
enemy, but the German retreat is
due to the general superiority of the
British artillery, our strategic plan
and the German soldiers' fear of an-
other British offensive similar to that
at the Somme. He mentions, among
other German traps, abandoned
wathtes and saucapans lined with
fulminate of mercury.

German People in Dark

Views of the great retreat, con-
cerning which it was cabled on
Thursday that it was noteworthy the
German people were still unaware of
it, are very contradictory. The latest
suggestion, which is based on Berlin
reports, transmitted by the Berne
correspondent of the Times, is that
the enemy, after all, may act on the
defensive in the west and attack on
the Russian northern front.

The correspondent, however,
points out that these reports may be
intended to divert Allied guns and
munitions to Russia, so rendering the
Anglo-French offensive less for-
midable. While British correspond-
ents are very cautious in their state-
ments regarding the retreat, French
writers assert that the Germans des-
troyed a number of heavy guns, that
the retreat was not made for
strategic reasons, but was forced and

(Continued on Page 2)

WILSON WILL TAKE POWER FILIBUSTER IN SENATE HELD UP

Relies on Big Vote—In
House and 90 Per Cent
Of Senators

TO ARM U.S. SHIPS

Six-Inch Rifles and Machine
Guns for American
Liners

PASS HUGE GRANT

\$535,000,000 Appropria-
tion in Senate; Bond
Issue of \$150,000,000

CHINA PRESS' OWN SERVICE
Washington, March 4.—Under
President Wilson's plan, all liners
are to be armed with six-inch guns
and also machine-guns.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Washington, March 4.—The Senate
adjourned, without taking action in
the Armed Neutrality Bill.

Washington, March 3.—The Senate
has passed the Naval Appropriation
Bill for G.\$535,000,000, without a
division and also a bond issue for
G.\$150,000,000, to provide an emer-
gency fund of G.\$115,000,000, for the
President to expedite naval construction
and G.\$35,000,000, for additional
submarines.

Immediate Appropriations

Amendments to the Naval Bill
were adopted, making all the appro-
priations available immediately in-
stead of on July 1 and establishing
another Navy Yard on the Pacific
Coast.

In the Senate, today, Senator L. Y.
Sherman (Rep., Ohio) read the des-
patch from Berlin containing the
admission made by the German Min-
ister of Foreign Affairs of the truth
of the plot planned by Germany in
Mexico against the United States,
after which Senator Frank D.
Brandegee (Rep., Conn.) continued
his speech on the Armed Neutrality
Bill. He asked whether Americans
were going to allow the Teutonic
monster to trample on them ruthles-
sly, stated that war would be in-
evitable when armed American
merchants entered the submarine
zone, but that war has existed since
February 1, when Germany, in her
proclamation of ruthless submarine
warfare, defied the world.

Stone Is Denounced

Senator William J. Stone (Dem.,
Missouri), Chairman of the Foreign
Relations Committee, whose con-
stituency is largely German, moved
an amendment of the Bill, with a
view to preventing the arming of
munition ships or authorising the
President to employ other instru-
mentalities. Senator Stone said that
he had heard that the Navy ex-
perts planned to provide American
merchants with boats for chasing
submarines.

He was thereupon denounced for
revealing navy secrets.
Senator Stone spoke for several
hours, obviously to obstruct the bill.
Wilson Determined

Despite the failure of the Senate
to reach a vote on the Armed
Neutrality Bill, it is learned on the
highest authority that President
Wilson will arm American mer-
chantmen and take other steps
necessary for their protection, be-
lieving that he has the power and
relying on the large vote in favor
of the measure in the House of Rep-
resentatives and the fact that eighty
Senators signed the manifesto favor-
ing it.

As Senator Hitchcock (Dem.,
Nebraska), who had charge of the
proposed legislation in the Senate,
put it, just before the expiration of
the session, under law, at noon, the
vote has been prevented "by the
most reprehensible filibustering and
dilatory tactics, by an insignificant
minority, in the history of civilized
governments."

Confident of Powers

Another message says: The
President is confident that he pos-
sesses sufficient powers. He considers
that the vote given by the House
of Representatives and the general
attitude of the Senate show that Con-
gress is behind him.

Meantime, ninety per cent of the
Senators have issued a manifesto to
the public, declaring that the Senate
favors the Bill. The opportunities for
the Senators who are obstructing the
Bill to speak are unlimited.

Matinee For American Ambulance Big Success

It will possibly be generally conceded that a worse day than a Monday could scarcely have been chosen for a matinee concert and, therefore, the fact that the Lyceum Theatre, yesterday afternoon, had practically every seat filled for the performance in aid of the American Ambulance in France shows what a wealth of sympathy there is in Shanghai for this work. So much the better, for the Ambulance can not be given too much money. The concert is over, but Mrs. G. M. Wheelock, Mr. McGrew, or any other of those who had to do with its organization will be only too thankful for independent contributions which may be sent along.

The concert was as successful as a performance as it was in the way of an effort on behalf of a deserving work. There were but five individual turns, four of which were more enthusiastically encored, whilst Chief Hallstrom would have had to come on again if he had not exhausted all the Indians know in the way of dances and if he had not had an engagement to delight the hearts of the children in the theater by personally distributing mementoes amongst them.

The program was opened by Miss Bratland—perhaps a trying ordeal for a lady making her debut in a city like this, which has such a reputation for talented amateurs in the concert line. Much had been promised from Miss Bratland and too much had not been said.

She will certainly be in great demand if she makes any prolonged stay here. Possessed of a strong and highly cultivated voice, she has it in wonderful control and her tuneful Scandinavian songs were very popular.

Mrs. Gordon S. Morse, who followed, was no stranger to many in the theater and her two violin solos charmed as her playing always does. Then came the ever-welcome Miss Jouravel and a splendid rendering of a selection from "Carmen" drew vociferous encores, to which she responded with a fetching English ditty.

Whilst the stage carpenter was growing a forest for Chief Hallstrom and Manager Crawley was getting in the buffalo, log cabins, teepees and other incidentals to the American Ambulance, Mr. D. D. McGrew, who has had experience with the American Ambulance in France, gave a short account of its formation and work, his earnest manner depicting how genuinely his heart is with it and it is to be hoped he succeeded in impressing on many of the audience that further contributions will be welcomed.

Mr. McGrew said that the Ambulance was organized originally by a few Americans resident in Paris, but it had been carried on for two and a half years by the contributions and enthusiasm of practically every State in the Union. This volunteer organization had developed to such a high degree of efficiency that both the military and medical authorities of the French Government had pronounced it quite the best military hospital in France.

The Americans in France cast about at the beginning of the war for some practical way of showing sympathy and there was precedent enough, because Americans maintained an ambulance there in 1870. The War Office promptly accepted their offer and, at the battle of the Marne, active work was started with 200 wounded.

At present, at the Neuilly hospital, there are 600 beds in constant use and at Jully another 250. The Ambulance also maintains homes for 800 convalescents and today they are daily caring for over fifteen hundred wounded.

The surgical staff was recruited from the very best of the medical service in America and there were University units from several of the big medical schools. The doctors, nurses and orderlies all gave their services free and so the working costs were lower than in any of the great hospitals in New York.

Many of the most pitiful cases were specially sent to the American Ambulance for treatment, especially facial injuries and numerous men whose faces had been practically shot away had been sent back to life with hardly a scar.

About a million dollars had been given already in America towards the upkeep, but \$1,000 was needed daily to keep the work going. Mr. McGrew said that he made a confident appeal for aid, adding: "If you could watch the trains of wounded coming into La Chapelle and see the pitiful cases, you would wonder how the thousands of them could be treated."

The Ambulance now has eight motor sections in the field, operating over 200 motor cars. All the drivers are American volunteers, mainly young men just from the Universities and their work had been so good that the French had decorated 62 out of 500, so far and two of these had been given the Military Medal, the highest honor that the Government could bestow.

Telling how they made shift at the start with half-a-dozen Ford chassis, on to which bodies were built with the cases in which these were packed, Mr. McGrew said: "And Henry Ford has not given us so much as one spare washer! That is his peace at any price idea!"

The "luck of the American Ambulance" was a by-word with the army. To date, only three of their men had been killed and seven wounded. This was marvellous, considering some of the things they had gone through, the cars themselves sometimes being shot away, without the drivers or inmates being hurt, whilst other ambulances following in their tracks, under exactly the same conditions, suffered terribly.

Mr. McGrew concluded: "No money will go further towards the relief of pain than money to this ambulance and no American can do

better for his country at this time than help in continuing this great work."

To conclude the first half of the program, came Chief Hallstrom, terrible to contemplate, but always mild-mannered and solemnity itself, even when narrating that each of the eighty-five feathers in his head-dress represented a scalp and even when drawing comparisons between the ochre on his own face and the anti-wind fittings of the ladies before him.

The second half was devoted to Mr. L. de Luca's highly successful ballet "Pierrot's Dream." One cannot very well give more praise to this clever composition than has already been accorded it. It was as good as ever—it was even better, as a ballet is bound to be, the more practice the company has.

Chief honors were again divided between Miss Brodie and Miss Valentine. The former has more to do and is brought more prominently forward and a critic who had not seen the ballet before admits freely that the young lady has not been over-praised. She was excellent.

On the other hand, yesterday, at any rate, if there was any difference between them, it was just in favor of Miss Valentine. "The Comet" danced with almost professional skill and it must be noted that, apart from attending to those numerous little insignificant points which, combined, mark finished dancing, it is decidedly no mean exponent who can go through a long and complicated dance, without a faulty step, at the pace demanded by the representation of a comet. Altogether, it was a highly successful performance on the part of all.

The full program follows:

Songs: a. Der skreg en fugl.... Standing b. Grieg Miss Bratland.

Violin Solo: a. Valse Triste.....Sibelius b. Canzonetta.....d'Ambrosio Mrs. Gordon S. Morse.

Songs: a. Musetta's Waltz....from "La Boheme" b. "Si je dis que rien ne me pousse"....from "Carmen" Miss Jouravel.

An account of the work done by the American Ambulance Mr. D. D. McGrew.

Indian Dances.....Chief Hallstrom a. Council dance b. Speech c. Stamp dance d. Scout dance e. Eagle dance f. Medicine dance g. War dance

Accompanists: Mrs. Sutherland, Miss

Jansen, Prof. Manikus. "Pierrot's Dream." Ballet in one act, by Mr. L. de Luca. Pierrot.....Mr. L. de Luca Pierrette.....Miss Brodie The Moon.....Miss E. Newcomb The Comet.....Miss Valentine The Stars.....Mrs. Mason, the Misses Agassiz, Coquelle, Newcomb, Price and Rees The Columbine.....Mrs. Baker, the Misses Carliso and Harris The Harlequins.....The Misses Limana, Lowe and Trueman Polichinelle.....Mr. Boezi Orchestra Conductor: Prof. Manikus

FLEMISH DEVELOPMENT PLANNED BY GERMANY

Hollweg Talks of Administrative Separation, But Unity Under Governor

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, March 3.—A telegram from Berlin states that Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, Imperial German Chancellor, recently received a deputation of the so-called Activist Flemish groups from Flanders. He expatiated on the affinities of the Germans and the Flemish. He was glad to help the latter in their struggle against the penetration of French customs.

He said that the Kaiser approved the German Governor-General's measures aiming at a free development of the Flemish nation. This policy must be carried out during the occupation, in order to secure complete administrative separation of the two parts of Belgium, but both would be united under the German Governor-General.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:— Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo M. Mar. 6 Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. Mar. 8 Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hakui M. Mar. 10 Per N.Y.K. s.s. Y'shiro M. Mar. 12 Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Mar. 15 Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru Mar. 17 For U.S., Canada, and Europe:— Per T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo Maru Mar. 9 Per N.Y.K. s.s. Tamba M. Mar. 13 Per R.M.S. Emp. of Russia Mar. 17 For Europe:— Per N.Y.K. s.s. Iyo Maru Mar. 11 Per N.Y.K. s.s. Miyazaki M. Mar. 23

WHAT NEWS ON THE RIALTO?

SALANTO met Salarino one day in the streets of Venice and asked him if there was any news on the Rialto, in just the same way as you might meet your own particular pal and ask him if there was anything doing on the Stock Exchange or at the Club. Well, it was Shakespeare who made one of his characters in the "Merchant Of Venice" utter the first expression, and therefore it must make the text of a little daily talk.

ONCE read a little fable which told of a dog that had one bone, and looking into a stream, the greedy mongrel saw his shadow, and he immediately coveted the other bone. He did not only covet, he made a grab. And that was the end of his feast. Another of Esop's tales tells of the individual who did not want a thing himself and hated the idea of anyone else having it. He came to grief too. Mr. Dennis K. Moss, in a finely written book, has a tale to tell which he calls "Britons vs. Germans in China." He knows a good deal about his subject, being at the head of one of the biggest British affairs in Hongkong.

HE sets out with the idea of showing more than one German statesman that the bee that has been in the bonnet of the Teuton for so long, "that the Briton cannot run his own affairs satisfactorily without the help of his German neighbor," doesn't buzz, in fact the bee hasn't even a kick, much less a sting. The author brings damning proof about the German's method of trading. Rather it shows a lamentable lack of method. The excellent little book shows only too plainly that the German was out to wrest trade from his host and it did not matter very much how he got it or how it paid him. He wanted British trade. He wanted to oust the Briton even if it meant ruin to himself. The booklet costs a dollar and it is worth it.

TODAY, Sergt. Ferguson, Corporal Ward and Gunner Taylor, all of the Artillery, S.V.C., leave for home via Siberia. The first two volunteers are well-known in Shanghai and have made themselves very popular. Ward has had his name on most of the programs and he could always be relied upon to sing a good song or to turn out something witty and topical. He has been with Messrs. Whiteaway and Laidlaw. Ferguson came out here as a school-master some three years ago and at once sprang into prominence with his clever skits a la Harry Fragon, on the piano. He has lately been with

the China Mutual. Good luck to the trio.

THE Lusitano Club won the Billiard League honors. That club is certainly some class with the cue. The Powhattan Club have a great deal to congratulate themselves upon. They finished second. They were the first to lower the colors of the champions and when one remembers that the Tobaccoists have only just the team to rely upon—the rest are hardly up to match form yet—it makes their success even more remarkable.

REUTERS has had many tales to tell during the last two and a bit years, but it is to be doubted if anything more entertaining than the German attempt to form a nice little triangle with Japan, Mexico and herself at the points, has come through. Since the message arrived, the report has been revived—of course!—that "Villa" is either in Japan or on his way there. But please do not consider this an official or Eyewitness story.

LANCASHIRE IN PROTEST AT HIGHER INDIAN DUTY

Allege Four Per Cent Protective Rate Is Imposed On Cotton Firms

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 1.—There is considerable excitement in Manchester, owing to the raising of the duty on cotton-goods imported into India, while the countervailing excise remains unchanged. Protests will promptly be made, on the ground that the change imposes a four per cent protective duty against Lancashire.

Germans Yield More Ground

(Continued from Page 1)

that the new line the Germans are reaching is in no way a strong one. It is calculated that it will take the enemy three weeks to complete their withdrawal to the Arras-Cambrai line, if such is their intention. German ingenuity and energy in hampering the pursuit are being successfully countered by the skilled British engineers, who are building new roads and restoring railways behind the British advance, almost as fast as they are destroyed before it.

At Bapaume Outskirts The British, at one point, are now almost on the outskirts of Bapaume

and are pushing through Loupart Wood, which is a network of wire and where the Germans intended to make a strong resistance.

The Press Bureau issues the following communique: The King has congratulated Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig on the army's splendid work and steady persistent pressure, which have forced the enemy to quit their carefully prepared and strongly fortified positions. "These successes are a fitting sequel to the fine achievements at the Somme and a great credit to those responsible for drawing up the plans of campaign."

Sir Douglas Haig has warmly acknowledged His Majesty's generous commendations. Further Relieve French Copenhagen, March 4.—The German military authorities state that the British have taken over a new part of the west front from the French. The above possibly refers to the fact indicated in a recent communique issued by Sir Douglas Haig, that the British line now extends eastward, beyond Sailly-Saillisel.

Berlin's Explanations

Amsterdam, March 3.—Now that it is impossible any longer to conceal the retreat from the Ancre, the German press, with one inspired accord, have begun to publish explanations intended to re-assure the population, which has been disquieted for weeks past by the rumors of an evacuation. The papers now declare that they knew all about it on February 20 and, hence, are delighted to observe the "enemy's astonishment."

The Frankfurter Zeitung concludes its assurances with: "The chief thing is that Marshal von Hinden-

burg has a hand in the game and, up to the present, everything has gone exactly as he wishes."

Finally, a long semi-official statement, supplementing the meagre account given in the German official communique, says: "Positions which have been shot to pieces have been evacuated, according to plan, unnoticed by the enemy, while our heroic rear-guards inflicted heavy losses on the immensely more numerous British."

"Horrible Bottomless Marsh" "The Germans have withdrawn to higher ground from a horrible bottomless marsh, where the villages had become heaps of ruins, the walls filled up and the roads non-existent. Here the British are exposed to the inclemencies of the weather and the fire of German batteries trained on every point."

"Therefore, all the trouble of the British has been in vain. They can only consolidate the ground and bring up artillery, at the cost of heavy sacrifices from the Germans secure in strong positions whence they can await new attacks, unweakened and unshaken."

The Vossische Zeitung explains the retreat by declaring that von Hindenburg's policy has been a maximum concentration, in order to force a final decision in the Spring. Trench warfare will soon end, when the Germans will prove immeasurably superior to the British.

The Kosinische Zeitung describes the retreat as a model operation. It is worthy of note that, coincident with the explanations appearing in the press, the Military Governor of Cologne threatens severe imprisonment for those spreading "absurdly exaggerated rumors."

CHINA REALTY CO., LTD.,

39 Nanking Road

HOUSES TO LET:

No. 105 Avenue du Roi Albert Modern house, three bedrooms, two tiled bathrooms. Tennis Court. Tls. 125.00.

No. 51 Pere Robert: Furnished or unfurnished. Modern residence. Corner property.

No. 18 Rue Corneille: Newly-built, detached residence, modern in all respects. Tls. 125.00 per month.

HOUSES FOR SALE:

Tls. 23,000: Modern residence, corner house, situated in the French Concession. Seven Rooms. Tennis lawn.

Tls. 22,000: Newly-constructed residence. Modern plumbing, corner property. Seven Rooms. Tiled Kitchens and Baths.

Tls. 18,000: Seven room, brick residence. Hot and cold water. Near the French Park.

Tls. 16,000: Five-roomed, detached house, modern plumbing, hot and cold water, just being completed.

Tls. 15,000: Seven-rooms, newly constructed house, on two and a half mow of land. In the International Settlement.

LAND FOR SALE

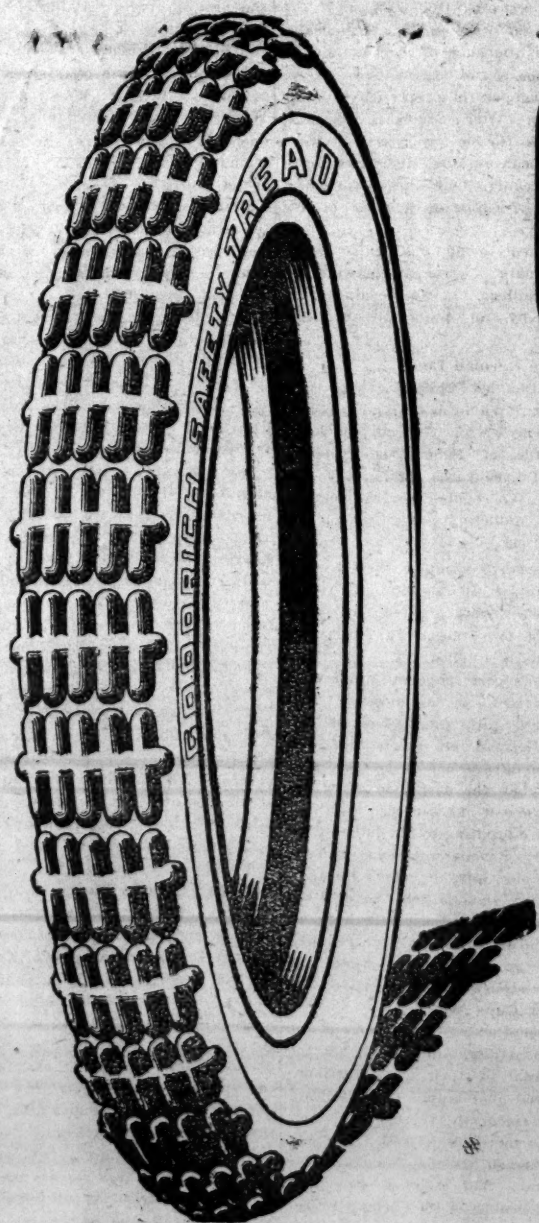
On Yu Yuen Road: Two lots each containing about four mow. North side of road.

On Avenue Joffre: A large plot of land, situated in best part of Avenue.

On Rue Corneille: From one to six mow. This is one of the finest residential streets in the City.

On Rue Lafayette: We can sell you any sized lot you desire. This is the new sixty foot boulevard parallel to the Avenue Joffre.

Our speciality is Real Estate for any purpose and in any locality. It will pay you to consult us first.



GOODRICH

SAFETY TREAD TYRES

BEST IN THE LONG RUN

Obtainable at all Garages, or from the Selling Agents,

THE CENTRAL GARAGE CO., LTD.

2a Jinkee Road, Shanghai.

Phones: 3809 Hire Dept.: 3807 Repairs Dept.: 2661 Office.

GERMAN HOPES NOT IN ARMIES BUT IN SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN

No Longer Seeking Decision on Land Where She Was Formerly Supreme But in Britain's Element

A. G. Gardiner in the Daily News and Leader, in an able forecast of Germany's intensified submarine activities, contends that for Germany the war has become a mere question of whether she can starve Great Britain into surrender before she herself is starved. To this primary consideration the movements of armies and the strategy of generals are secondary and of relative insignificance. Though Germany's hope is a desperate one, England would commit a fatal mistake if she did not treat it with the utmost seriousness, inasmuch as her "life line is across the ocean."

By A. G. Gardiner

In a month's time we shall have reached the anniversary of the beginning of the battle of Verdun. In her anxiety to get her blow in first and so first and so to dictate the course of the struggle in the New Year, Germany made her bid while winter still held the field. She gambled on the weather and lost, for one of the main factors in her failure was the heavy snowstorm which came at the most critical moment and impeded the rush which had seemed like carrying all before it.

It takes experience governed events, we might expect that no such challenge to the elements would be made this year and that on neither side would there be any great stroke until the days were longer and the conditions were assured. But that experience does not govern events. There is a driving power behind them that makes gambling with risks not less necessary but more. The deeper the gambler gets in the mire the more desperate are his plunges, and throughout the war military movements especially on the German side, have become increasingly influenced by considerations not military—political aims, economic necessity and so on.

Where Will the Blow Come?

Those considerations were never more imperative than they are today, and, whatever the intentions of the Allies as to the period of resumption, we shall do well to be prepared for a blow from the enemy on the Italian, Macedonian, or Western front before February is out or March is far advanced. It is not likely that Germany has the reserve power for an offensive stroke in more than one direction. We may eliminate from his choice the Russian front and the Rumanian front where Mackensen's great push seems now to have exhausted itself and to have broken on a consolidated Russo Rumanian position. The Italian front does not, after the experience of last spring, offer much prospect of a successful adventure. There remain Macedonia and the Western front for a choice, and the extreme anxiety that prevails in Switzerland indicates a possible direction from which the stroke may come if the West is selected for the enemy's forlorn hope. The Submarine

But while the military movement from whatever quarter it comes, must come with the least possible delay, it will come only as a subsidiary episode.

We may take it as assured that Germany has ceased to look for a decision in the field. Whatever successes she has there they cannot govern the result. That is the strange irony of this incalculable war. Victories in the field, on which Germany relied for victory in the war have become subordinate to success in an element in which Germany, at the beginning of the war, looked for no success. As the thoughts of the Allies turn more and more to a decision on land where Germany was supreme, the thoughts of Germany turn more and more to victory on the sea where the Allies were supreme. Her hopes are not in her armies, but in those submarines that she is building with such feverish speed. She is said now to be turning them out at the rate of two and a half a week, and though at one time she was, on a conservative estimate losing them at the rate of one a week, there is no doubt that her relative strength in this arm is greatly increasing, and there is no reason to doubt that she has not less than 250 in active service, with the prospect of a large and early increment.

Who Were Prepared?

For Germany, in a word, the war has become a mere question of whether she can starve this country into surrender before she herself is starved. Beside that question, the movements of armies are secondary and the strategy of generals of relative insignificance. Had Germany envisaged such a possibility at the outset, had her calculations been on the scale of those of Lord Kitchener, one of two things would have happened. Either she would not have plunged Europe into war, or she would have developed her submarine campaign on the maximum scale two years earlier. Her confidence in a swift military victory blinded her. She gambled on a *tour de force*, and overlooked or disregarded the fact of which all history, both ancient and modern, as Mr. Archibald Hurd in "Sea Power" (Constable and Co.) points out, is eloquent that in war the sea controls the land. We have heard much in the past about the preparedness of the Germans and the unpreparedness of the Allies and especially of this country. It is true that the Germans definitely prepared for the war and that the Allies did not. It is true that the Germans chose their own moment to strike and so imposed their strategy on their enemies.

But in the larger aspects of the war, I am not at all sure, as I have said before, that the historian will not say that the one Power whom events found supremely prepared was this country. Germany relied upon her army and it has failed. We relied upon our Navy and it has not failed. In the ultimate analysis this has been a war between the land power of Germany and the sea power of Britain. As the difficulty of reaching a military decision has been realised, the struggle has turned increasingly upon the question of supplies, not only supplies for the armies, but supplies necessary for the existence of nations. And in

Returns to Europe For War Relief



Mrs. Seth Barton French

Mrs. Seth Barton French, who gave up her war relief work in France last Summer to devote herself to relief work for the families of American guardsmen on the Mexican border, has gone back to Europe to resume her work in the war zones there.

that struggle the silent power of the British Navy has been the overwhelming factor.

'Wolf, Wolf!'

How crushing that power has been upon the position of the Central Powers is no longer a matter of speculation. At the beginning of the war we all expected too early a manifestation of the effects of that power. That impatience was universal and applied to all the operations of the war. Germany looked to be in Paris in three weeks; some of our military critics imagined that the Russian "steam-roller" would be in Berlin in three months, and so on. Looking back, we all seem to have been equally ignorant of what the course of the cyclone that had been launched would be. It is the case in most wars. Did not Lord Milner expect that we should be in Pretoria in three months? We were disappointed because Germany did not feel the pinch of the blockade in the first year and astonished that she should survive the second year. Yet we ought to have known, and in a way did know, that she had long been accumulating supplies and that a Power with her military presence could not fail to have looked well ahead before taking so vast a leap. The failure of the expectations in the past has bred in us a natural in-

credulity, and now, in the third year, when the real test of Germany's self sustaining power has come, we are disposed to look at the evidence of her impoverishment with distrust. We have heard the cry of "Wolf" too often to regard it seriously now. But that the "Wolf" is abroad in Germany and Austria is a fact supported by such overwhelming evidence as to have passed beyond the region of surmise. It may not be true that the enemy peoples are actually starving, but it is certainly true that they are on the bare existence line, that the town populations especially are suffering grave impoverishment, that the failure of the potato harvest has been a huge calamity, that the lack of fertilisers is a menace to the new harvest, that all the expedients of distribution and of substitutes have failed to neutralise the effects of the shortage, and that, apart from the famine in fats and essential foods, the deficiency of cotton, leather, wool, and other commodities threatens the military efficiency of the enemy as well as the existence of the civil population.

The Shadow of Famine

It is this spectre of starvation which has changed the orientation of the war in Germany. The main purpose is no longer to win battles in the field, or more territory. The glamour of these things has passed. They do not fill the larder, and it is the empty larder that obsesses the mind of Germany and turns her thought to the sea as the way of escape from the shadow that over-spreads the nation. It is not probable that that thought takes the form of challenging the British Navy's possession of the seas. There has never been such a challenge, and there is not likely to be such a challenge now that all the energies of Germany have been diverted to undersea warfare. It will be said that without success above water, starvation cannot be warded off. True. What Germany hopes is not that she will secure possession of the seas and so feed herself, but that she will be able to prevent her enemies feeding themselves. She knows that she must starve unless relief comes, and since relief cannot come in the form of food she aims at starving us into surrender before she is herself brought to her knees by hunger.

Contrast. It is a desperate hope, but we should commit a fatal mistake if we did not treat it with the utmost seriousness. In their calculations on a war of starvation the enemy are of course taking into account the widely different situations of the two countries in regard to food. Germany's resources are internal. They are deficient, but they are known and they are in hand. She may have to live for months on an existence level, but she is not subject to any fatal interruption of her supply, and if that supply is enough to keep her alive she can continue the war. Our case is entirely different. We have abundance of food, but it is not in this country. It is in South America, Canada, Australia. It is floating on the seas in a thousand ships. To use a figure I have used before, our life line is across the ocean. So long as that life line can be preserved intact, not only can we endure, but we can endure without any real harm though not without inconvenience. But if the life were

cut we should not, like Germany, be reduced to an existence level on which we could linger for months. We should be starved. And it is to destroy our life line that Germany is bending all her energies.

The Menace

And while there is no reason to take an alarmist view, there is every reason for taking an anxious view and acting in accordance with that view. It would be the policy of the ostrich to ignore the daily toll which is being taken of our own and of neutral shipping. And, since it feeds us, neutral shipping is hardly less vital to us than our own. We cannot shut our eyes to the knowledge that the submarine menace is more severe than it has ever been. Admiral Jellicoe has himself just told us that this is the case. And, since he spoke, we have learned of the ravages wrought by the enemy's raider which is not only still at large but which has armed one of its captures and sent it on its piratical exploits. These are serious facts that we must frankly face, and we must face them with the knowledge that they may grow worse and with the further knowledge that the world's supplies this year are 25 per cent short and that apart from the loss of the ships the loss of food is of capital importance.

A Warning

What conclusion does all this lead to? Surely that the two vital considerations for us at the present time are transport and the home product of food. The bearing of the Salonica position upon our transport resources is self-evident and cannot be ignored in the military calculations. We may assume that they are not being ignored, but the events this week in connection with food production at home are of a kind that must create the gravest disquiet. The calling up of the remnant of skilled men of military age left on the land, coupled with the amazing irrelevance of substituting C3 men for them, has shocked the public mind by its apparent levity and irresponsibility. Such a thing would not have been conceivable but for the fact that the Cabinet has ceased to exist and that in its place we have a system of water-tight departments each running its own affairs without any organic coordination or understanding of the true issues of the war.

This C3 folly must of course be stopped. But the alarming thing is that it should have been contemplated. Are we really not awake to the course that the war has taken? Are we not aware that Germany has entered definitely on a war of starvation and that if we are starved, no victory in the field however crushing will save this nation from disaster? If men in high office are really in this condition to blindness to facts, we are indeed in peril.

Dr. L. Cugno, v.s.
Veterinary Surgeon to the Italian Consulate General
CONSULTING HOURS
Daily From 11 to 12-1 to 2
FREE CONSULTATIONS
Tuesday and Friday from 11 to 12 a.m.
Rue Bourgeois No. 6, Tel. No. 1323
12727

MAISON DE MODES BROADWAY

Mme. VEPRINZEVA has now arrived from Moscow with the choicest selection of
HATS (Many Beautiful Models)
COSTUME LENGTHS, SILKS, TRIMMINGS, Etc.
Ever Seen in Shanghai.

She has come specially from Russia to assist Mme. Linoff for 3 months (March, April and May).

Mme. VEPRINZEVA won first prize in the latest competition in designing held under the auspices of the world-famous Stroganovskia School of Art, Moscow, and will devote her time while here to the elaboration of the dresses most suitable to the individual requirements of Shanghai ladies.

This is a unique opportunity—not to be missed by those who would be fashionably gowned.

Electricity Department

Owing to the delayed despatch from the manufacturers of new generating plant for the Riverside extensions, and inasmuch as the connections to the electricity supply mains have already reached the safe limit that can be supplied from the existing plant, as from March 15th and until further notice application for the connection of electric light installations can only be dealt with as disconnections occur. A waiting list will be opened in which applications for connection will be dealt with in the priority of their receipt.

The applications for connection received each month greatly exceed the requests for disconnections, consequently prospective consumers will necessarily have to wait longer than they would under normal circumstances, before their installations can be connected.

It is hoped that these restrictions may be removed in the Autumn, but these precautionary measures are being taken by the Electricity Department in order to safeguard the interests of existing consumers.

Consumers who remove from one house to another will be considered as existing consumers and there will be no delay in connecting the supply to their new premises.

March 1st, 1917.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent, or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent, or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse. It causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.

The signature of *Dr. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper of genuine Castoria. Physicians Recommend Castoria.

"I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."
J. E. SIMPSON, M. D., Chicago, Ill.

"A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is deserves the highest praise. I find it in use everywhere."
J. S. ALEXANDER, M. D., Omaha, Neb.

"Have used your Castoria on various occasions in suitable cases and have found it a palatable and efficient laxative, especially in the various diseases of childhood."
CHAS. EDWARD GARDINER, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."
J. A. BOARMAN, M. D., Kansas City, Mo.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

THE BUTTER EMPORIUM.

Visit our Store, see the various kinds of Butter we sell, and you'll be convinced that this is the right place to go for your Butter needs.

Shainin's Russian Provision Store,
768 Broadway: Phone 1899.
Branch: 12 Nanking Road.

"Three Castles"

Cigarettes

W. D. & H. O. WILLS,
BRISTOL & LONDON.

"There's no sweeter Tobacco comes from Virginia, and no better brand than the 'Three Castles.'"



THE VIRGINIANS

Thackeray.

Never Fail

W. D. & H. O. WILLS,
BRISTOL & LONDON.

To Please

(This advertisement issued by the British-American Tobacco Company, Ltd.)

Cable: NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS!
Address: "JASHARIS" JACOB HARRIS
Importer, Exporter, Commission Merchant
50 Broad Street, New York, U. S. A.
Account Current: National City Bank.
ADVANCES MADE ON YOUR CONSIGNMENTS.

POPULAR PRICED MOTORCARS ARRIVE.

We are in receipt of our stock of 1917 Chevrolet and Chandler Cars, which represent the latest features in automobile construction. These cars are priced to meet the requirements of the ordinary man who needs a car for business or pleasure.

For demonstration 'phone West 197.

THE STAR GARAGE CO.,

SOLE AGENTS.

125 Bubbling Well Road.

Agents for "FISK" Tires.

GERMANS BRINGING UP REINFORCEMENTS

Situation At Monastir Middle Of Last Month—Energetic Action Expected

ALLY SUCCESS ON STRUMA

British Troops Incessantly Harry Bulgars Who Dread Their Bayonet Charges

Servian Headquarters in Macedonia, January.—A Bulgarian regiment belonging to the division which has been fighting until lately in the Dobrudja is now reported to have appeared before the left wing of the Allies. Enemy prisoners and deserters declare that the remaining regiments also of this division are on their way south to reinforce the troops before Monastir. An Austrian regiment which until recently has been at Kalkandele has also moved in this direction.

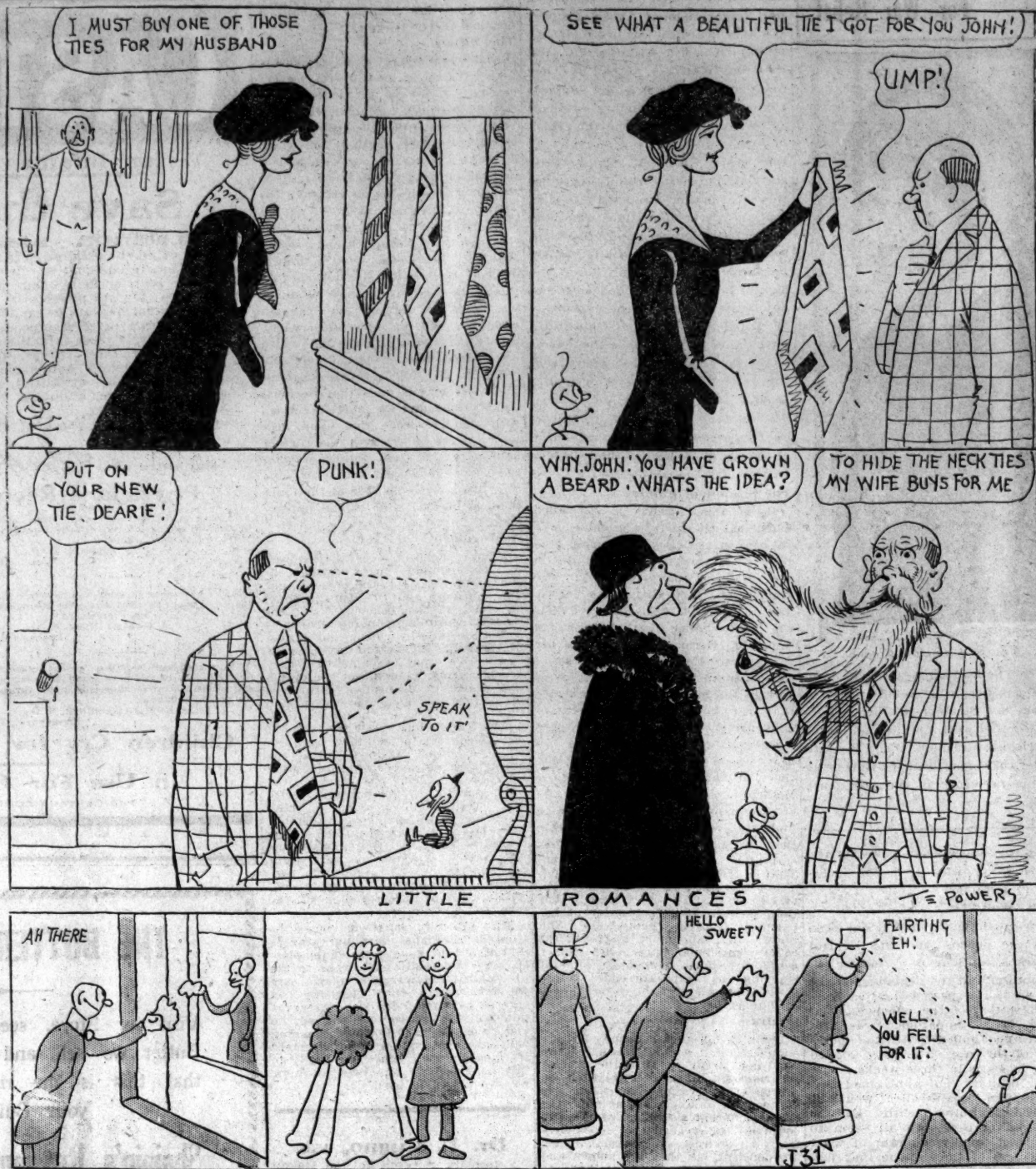
That more troops are coming seems likely, as all indications point to some energetic action on the part of the enemy in this quarter. The principal objective of the action will naturally be to support and justify the attitude of King Constantine by strengthening his opposition to the Allies' demands. At present King Constantine has probably 25,000 to 30,000 men under arms which total might be brought up to 35,000. This force, although it is supplied with no heavier artillery than field artillery, namely, "seventy-fives," might prove a very unpleasant thorn in the sides of the Allies in certain circumstances. The Greek soldier fights well, especially if the odds are strongly in his favor. It is possible that the plan of the German offensive will include collaboration with the Greeks, and that, therefore, some portion of the German reinforcements will endeavor to work their way south round Lake Ochrida, in order to establish contact with King Constantine's forces.

On the rest of the Macedonian front the situation is less complicated. The whole line is now held by the British troops. The Bulgars are being harried at every point of the line almost without intermission, and our activity has been rewarded merely by local successes, but by the enemy being compelled actually to reinforce the troops before our front, despite urgent calls elsewhere.

We have enjoyed the greatest successes on the Struma, because, since the enemy has no advantages of ground to help him, and since conditions are equal, the dash, pluck, and initiative of our "Tommys" are bound to give us the upper hand. Our methods here have been as diverse as the opportunities have been varied. Night and day, fair weather and foul, the Bulgar outpost have never known whether the next minute might see a sudden storm of shell, or worse still, a rush of figures suddenly rising from the ground, and bearing down upon them at the double with fixed bayonets.

What's The Use!

By Tom Powers



Our men prefer these early morning surprise attacks, when they get into close quarters before the enemy is properly aroused, and achieve their objective almost before he has realized that the attack has begun. Long and tedious artillery preparation does not appeal to our men, except where barbed wire entanglements have to be beaten down. As "Tommy" says "It gives the show away, and the racket warns the enemy of our intentions, and enables him to adopt counter-measures against such raids."

The attacks are rather a different proposition around Doiran and Gevgiell. Here the enemy's principal defensive organizations are established, the trenches very deep and most elaborate, the entanglements very thick, and the dugouts most substantial, being protected by concrete. Here also his batteries are heaviest

and most numerous. While we are busily digging an entrenched camp, the enemy is devoting equal care and energy to his defences, which here guard the most direct road northward. All the advantages of the position in these sectors of the front are with the enemy; nevertheless, his defences are

WHEN YOU WAKE TOMORROW MORNING today's liverishness, biliousness, or sick-headache will have disappeared if you seek the aid of

PINKETTES

tonight. To dispel constipation, stimulate digestion, clear the complexion, Pinkettes are perfection. Of all dealers, or, post free, 60 cents the phial from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

being constantly put to the test, and there is never complete cessation of our artillery activity. The best commentary on our men's qualities and

performances is the wholesome respect in which they are held by the enemy. Servian: General Headquarters. The situation on the Servian front

YOUR PAINTING SEASON

will soon be here, and you should be planning to use materials that will best endure China's trying climatic conditions. The well-known and tested products of

THE CHARLES H. BROWN PAINT CO.

will meet your most exacting requirements in the painting and interior decorating line. We stock a full assortment of colors and qualities. Let us solve your painting problems.

SEE

China-American Trading Co., Inc.

13A Canton Road

Phone 918.

TRAVELERS CHECKS

SELF-IDENTIFYING Travelers Checks have become popular with the American public simply because they are useful. To carry your funds in the shape of Travelers Checks means two things: First, safety—because each check requires your signature to make it good. Second, convenience—for Travelers Checks are as good as gold, no matter where you travel.

The Travelers Checks of Wells Fargo and Company are known and used throughout the civilized world. They are self-identifying. Wherever you go—to London, Calcutta, or some small American town—your Wells Fargo checks will be readily accepted for full face value by hotels, transportation companies and merchants in general. Your identification is easily established.

You sign your name on the checks when you buy them. Then, when you need cash or wish to pay a bill, you sign the check again (countersign it) in the presence of the man who accepts it. Thus your signature identifies you. Sold at Current Exchange Rates, premium \$0.50 per \$100.00



WELLS FARGO & Co.,
No. 8 Kinkiang Road,
(Corner Szechuen Road).
Telephone 4241.

OWEN WILLIAMS,
General agent.

WALK-OVER

Spring and Summer Shoes

That put the Finishing Touch to your Dress are here

One can no more be well dressed wearing shoddy, run-down shoes than with a rusty, faulty-fitting garment.

The shoes and clothing must be in harmony

Walk-Over Shoes give that Trim, Neat Look to the foot that a perfectly high-grade tailored garment gives to the figure.



Come in and let us show you the NEW SPRING and SUMMER STYLES

Walk-Over Shoe Store

17 NANKING ROAD



The Dai Nippon Brewery Co., Ltd.

TELEPHONE 2560

TRUSSED CONCRETE STEEL CO.
OF THE UNITED STATES
REINFORCED CONCRETE ENGINEERS

Rib Bars from Stock:

3" 1" 3" 1" in size

Equal in areas to areas of square bars. Used extensively everywhere; also in Shanghai.

Rolled from best material obtainable

AMERICAN TRADING CO., Agents, 53 Szechuen Rd., Shanghai

KAHN Building Products

TRUSSED CONCRETE STEEL CO.



A T
P
P
O
R
T
A
B
L
E
R

The Ironclad Remington Guarantee

Given to each purchaser

Most Simple
Swift — Efficient
Minimum Size
Minimum Weight.



Sold in

Handsome Leather

Travelling Case

MUSTARD & Co.

Sole Agents for China

22 MUSEUM ROAD.

PHONE 5491.

SPORTS

Latest News of Athletic World

GOSSIP

300 MORE SEATS FOR
BASEBALL NEXT SEASONAnnual General Meeting Of
Shanghai Amateur C. Club:
30 New Uniforms

The Shanghai Amateur Baseball Club at its annual general meeting yesterday launched the campaign for 1917 and incidentally revealed its satisfaction with the brand of baseball provided last season by re-electing the same committee and officers, with the exception of Mr. A. H. Swan who retired. Mr. R. D. Bunn was elected to take his place on the committee. Dr. N. L. Downs continued to be chairman of the new committee, the other members being Messrs. C. F. Wolskoff, E. O. Drake, R. E. Burke and W. G. Holliday, who is Secretary-Treasurer.

One welcome announcement made at yesterday's meeting was that arrangements have been made to increase the grand stand capacity by the placing of seats for 300 more fans and fanettes. Another equally welcome one was that 30 new uniforms had been purchased.

Much other business was discussed. One proposal was that a team be picked to compete at the Far Eastern Olympic Games in Japan next May. This was left to a committee composed of Messrs. Swan, Fleming and Woods for investigation.

An innovation in the matter of grandstand tickets was decided upon. Instead of sending you a receipt for your seat or your annual ticket, the committee will send you a grandstand ticket. This will show that you have paid your dues.

The contribution of \$100 to the Shanghai Recreation Ground fund was announced. The club's annual report contained the following figures of interest:

The total number of members subscribing during 1916 was 100, \$10.00 and 49 a. \$6.00, total 149 members, or more than any previous season.

There is no indebtedness outstanding for the season of 1916. Balance in Hongkong Agency, Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, to credit of W. G. Holliday, Sec. Treas., a. a. October 13, 1916 (date of Aud.)—\$612.32.

Prizes for prizes given for 1916 season—3 a. a. Blue Sox, Red Sox, 7. All Shanghai 1; total prizes 9, amounting to \$63.04 leaving a net balance for beginning of 1917 Season \$548.32.

Purchases authorized by Committee of the Season of 1916 for the requirements of season 1917 are:—
30 New UniformsG.\$180.00
6 Doz. Baseballs84.00
1 Doz. Fielders' Gloves64.00
1 Home Plate7.50

TotalG.\$325.50
@ exchange 83-7/8 @ 71555M.\$546.14
New SeatsM.\$160.00

TotalM.\$706.14
Obligations in excess of present fundsM.\$156.82
During the season of 1916—14 New White Uniforms were purchased for the All Shanghai team, as the old grey uniforms look very badly worn having been used for four seasons.

New wire netting was also purchased for grand stand screens and 100 new cushions for grand stand seats.

During the season of 1916 the fans saw more real good games than in any previous season.

Basketball

Cincinnati vs. Bowling Club

An unusually lively basketball encounter took place at the Bowling Club last evening when the club team met a fast five from the U.S.S. Cincinnati. Frohock, assisted by good team work, was the star of the game, scoring 8 of the 16 points his team garnered. Little for the club was also good, scoring 6. The teams: Cincinnati: Doyle, Muller, Frohock, Dunks and Bond.

Bowling Club: Little, Evans, Neff, Campbell, Ericsson, and Rodger.

Shanghai Recreation Fund Report

The forty-seventh annual report of the secretary of the trustees of the Shanghai Recreation Fund, made public yesterday, contains the following items of interest:

In June the Committee of the Shanghai Cricket Club communicated to the Trustees a scheme for the improvement of their ground, especially in the interests of Lawn Tennis. These overtures led to the appointment of a Special Ground Committee to consider in detail not only this particular matter, but all others tending to the provision of greater public facilities and the fuller use of all available space. Its members consisted of Messrs. Peebles, H. H. Read, Hawkins, and Lanning, representing respectively the Ground Committee, the Race Club, the Cricket Club, and the Recreation Fund Trustees.

Meetings were held on the ground and the matter considered from every point of view. The result was published in the Municipal Gazette of January 4, 1917, and is briefly this:—The creek surrounding the Cricket Ground is being filled in, and the land so gained will be included in the area held by the S.C.C. It amounts roughly to 2,800 sq. yds. But on the south side the Club yield an almost exact equivalent which it is intended to utilize as a flower garden with seats and other accommodation for ladies.

Behind the Recreation Club's pavilion and along the line of the creek will run a new roadway leading to the Bandstand. The total cost of these improvements is estimated at Tls. 3,139 of which the Council in consideration of the increased advantage to the public will provide Tls. 2,400. Not a little of this advantage is due to the willing co-operation of the S.C.C. who, at the request of the Trustees and the Ground Committee, have thrown open their ground for hockey and football during the winter.

After watching the results of the new drainage it is proposed to deal with the remaining creeks in a manner similar to that now in operation, the total gain to the playing space being some thirty mow or more.

Present Value of the Land.—By the new assessment the Race Course Property is valued at Tls. 12,000 a mow, and the 430 mow are, therefore, worth Tls. 5,160,000. Taking the mow at 7,280 square feet and the fact as the equivalent of 1,165 ounces, we have 3,121,800 square feet of land worth more than 6,000,000 standard ounces of silver, or nearly 2 ounces to the square foot, an amount sufficient to provide for a thick coating of silver for the whole area—mud-course, creeks, roads, buildings, and everything else. With land of such value, needed for a cricket or baseball match is worth to the full a quarter of a million taels.

As has been mentioned, the income from the Race Course property has slightly increased; but, after expenditure has been deducted, the net return to the Trustees, taken in conjunction with the new assessment, is no more than about one-fortieth of one per cent.

It was in view of such facts as this that the Golf and Polo Clubs last year made voluntary contributions to the Recreation Fund of Tls. 100 and \$100 respectively. These sums would have been larger but for the results of the war in decreased membership. Other clubs have expressed their willingness to follow this excellent example, and there were a general understanding to the effect that each player using the ground regularly should give a single dollar per annum to the fund—the contribution being purely voluntary—the Trustees would soon have a sum sufficient to aid growing districts remote from this central position. During past years the community has gladly availed itself of the privileges secured by the foresight of our predecessors, but comparatively little has been done for those who are to follow. The Honkew Park and the Western Park have been acquired, in each case with the assistance of the Trustees, and there is just now an opportunity of adding to the former an area which should be secured

without fail, but there is a crying need in many parts of the settlement for playing spaces for children, such as the Quinsan Garden. It is too late now to get these with a the more populous quarters, but little plots in the outskirts could easily be secured if only the Trustees had their funds increased in the manner suggested.

BOXING TOURNAMENT

Members of the American Athletic Club which is to hold the preliminaries in its boxing tournament on the night of March 16 at Chang Su-ho's Garden, are engaged in an energetic campaign for more entrants.

It wishes it to be distinctly understood that non-members of the club are eligible to enter for the tournament and each non-member so entering will be given 10 complimentary seats in order that he may have his own friends present to see him carry off the handsome cup in his class. And from what we hear, there is no mistake about the cups being handsome. They are to be on view in a Nanking Road Jeweler's shop-window in a day or two.

Regarding membership in the club, it is expected that those wishing to join will make application in the usual way, through some person already a member or to the executive committee who will arrange the details of seconding and balloting. Outside of the complimentary tickets given to non-members competing in the tournament, admission to the boxing events will be limited to members of the club.

BRITISH STATE CONTROL
OVER STEAMSHIP LINESTo Requisition Ships; Nation
Will Get Benefit From
Surplus Profits

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, March 3.—It is understood that the Shipping Controller is contemplating a scheme of requisitioning liners, under which owners will constitute a committee of management, in which the Controller will be represented, the profits above those yielded by the rates at which the ships are requisitioned according to the State. All competition will be eliminated by this scheme, which will first be applied to the Australasian trade.

Zeppelin on Trials
Is Wrecked by FireCrew Burned to Death; Belgian
Witnesses Arrested And
Sent to Germany

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Amsterdam, March 3.—According to Belgian correspondents, a new Zeppelin, which was making speed trials at Ghent, on February 26, caught fire and exploded, the crew being burned to death. Belgian eye-witnesses of the disaster were arrested and taken to Germany.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL
PILLS

A French Remedy for all irregularities. These pills keep a box of Martin's Pills in the home as a safeguard against any irregularities of the system. They are easily administered. Those who do not recommend them, have their own names in all the newspapers and in all the magazines. MARTIN, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGL.

KODAK Finishing

is a special thing with us. Try us and note the difference.

Burr 2 Branding

Choral Works To Be Sung
In Shanghai for War Charity

On March 20 rehearsals of several choral works by a mixed chorus which will include most of Shanghai's best known singers, will be started in the Cathedral School under the direction of Mr. R. E. Hurry, Mus. Bac. The proceeds of the performance, which is to be given in late May, will go to a war charity. The rehearsals for the ladies will take place at 5.15 p.m. and for the gentlemen at 6 p.m. on Tuesdays. The committee in charge is composed of Mrs. N. G. Maitland, H. F. Bell and A. J. Walker and Mr. R. B. Hurry, Conductor.

The first part of the program will be taken up by "Five English Folk-songs," freely arranged for unaccompanied chorus by Dr. Ralph Vaughan Williams.

Dr. Vaughan Williams' treatment of folk tunes is unique of effect whilst the true atmosphere of the tune never disappears. Sometimes the peculiarity of the older 'scales,' out of which our present ones grew, gives a startling color which sounds modern, but is a true expression of the English and their musical feeling.

ing, as they lived in districts untouched by the more artificial music hall and drawing-room ballad.

The words and tunes of the five to be sung are gathered from various English counties, and comprise: (1) The dark eyed sailor. (2) The Spring-time of the year. (3) Just as the tide was flowing. (4) The lover's ghost. (5) Wassail song.

For the second part, Mr. Hurry has composed a choral poem, for a six-part chorus, "A Divine Rapture," a setting of the sixteenth century poet, Francis Quarles.

Last year it will be recalled, a chorus of fifty sang 8-part motets unaccompanied in the Cathedral, very successfully.

PROMOTION ANOMALIES
(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, March 1.—In the House of Commons today, Mr. J. I. Macpherson announced that a commission, with Colonel Winston Churchill as chairman, will examine the question of officers' promotion and deal with anomalies in the existing system.

DO WOMEN EAT TOO MUCH?
A prominent London newspaper asserts that women of the educated classes are diminishing their health and beauty by undue attention to the pleasures of the table; on the contrary, many of them eat too little, and their lack of good appetite being primarily due to imperfect health.

Most women here and in other parts of the East, for instance, are Anorectic, and one of the first symptoms of this health and beauty destroying malady is loss of appetite. Again, many women suffer from ailments peculiar to their sex, all of which are accompanied by disordered digestion and a disinclination to take sufficient nourishing food.

Yet just what these women want is nourishment, something to give them blood—rich red blood which will build up the enfeebled body, give fresh tone to the nerves, restore healthy appetite, refreshing sleep.

And the remedy is close at hand in the form of the most famous woman's medicine in the world, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These Pills have received tens of thousands of women from constant weakness and suffering by filling their veins with the rich red blood of health, and by their direct and powerful action on the nervous system through the blood. Obtainable from dealers everywhere, and from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 56 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. 1 bottle for \$1.50 (6 bottles \$8), post free.

ALLIES NOT SATISFIED
AT GREEKS' BEHAVIOR

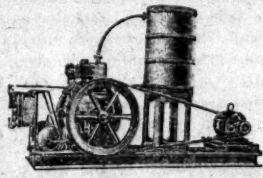
Minister of Interior Orders
Disarmament Decree Be
Strictly Enforced

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
Athens, March 3.—The Minister of the Interior has urged the police and gendarmerie authorities to apply the disarmament decree more strictly, as the military control is dissatisfied with the results.

LACONIA CAPTAIN MADE
ESCAPE WEARING MUFTI

(Reuter's Agency War Service)
London, March 3.—The Captain of the Cunard Line s.s. Laconia, who was captured by the German submarine U-109, escaped wearing mufti.

France has decided to follow the example of Great Britain, by suspending publication of the names of ships sunk and giving instead a weekly statement of submarine warfare.

THE
"LISTER-BRUSTON"
Automatic Electric
Lighting & Pumping
Installation.

MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. R. A. LISTER & CO., LIMITED, DURSLEY, ENGLAND.

Self-starting. Simple to work. Very moderate prices. No special foundations required. Clear, steady light always obtainable. Suitable for small towns, bungalows, country houses, churches, hospitals, theatres, etc.

A demonstration plant is to be seen working at the Agents' offices. THE "LISTER" PETROL GAS & OIL ENGINES. GENERAL ADVANTAGES:—SIMPLICITY, ACCESSIBILITY, QUALITY, ECONOMY, AND INTER-CHANGEABILITY.

Catalogues and full particulars to be obtained from the Agents: CECIL HOLLIDAY & CO., LTD., 40 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

Since War broke out 5,000 Oliver Typewriters have been bought by H. B. M. Government for military purposes.

Oliver Typewriter Agency: 1, Fochow Road.



Oliver Typewriter
ALWAYS "AT THE FRONT" IN PEACE AND IN WAR.

Large Stocks of Swedish Paper. Write for prices and particulars. The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd. No. 5 Kiangse Road.



When the Children are Happy they're Healthy.

They are both Happy and Healthy when using

LIFEBUOY SOAP.

It is a real delight to wash, bathe and shampoo with it. You have the delight of the abundant, antiseptic, Lifebuoy lather—the delight of actually feeling its beneficial action on the skin. Added to which you have the delight of knowing you are not only clean but healthy—the skin absolutely free from the germs and microbes of disease which one is bound to come into contact with daily.

Health is stored in every tablet!
MORE THAN SOAP—YET COSTS NO MORE.

Sold by all Chemists and Dealers
Agents:
LEVER BROTHERS (CHINA) LIMITED,
3 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING Coal
Coke

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai
and Ramsay & Co., Hankow.

TOCOSEAL

Plastic Roofing Cement

NEW STOCK JUST ARRIVED

2 Colours, Red or Black

Permanently stops leaks in any kind of Roof.

May be used to make an entire new Roof, which will outwear any other. Makes an everlasting waterproof damp course for walls.

ALSO

ELASTIKOTE

Outside White

Is not affected by heat or cold. Will not crack, scale, peel, blister, oxidize or deteriorate.

Prices and samples on application to

THE CHINESE-AMERICAN COMPANY,

Sole Agents in China for

THE TROPICAL PAINT & OIL CO.

Cleveland, Ohio,
U. S. A.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

Mlle. HALANAI

Russian Danseuse

of the Imperial Ballet, Petrograd

will appear at the Tea Dances in the LOUNGE TODAY and on THURSDAY next, March 6 and 8, and will give exhibitions of

Russian Country Dances, Mazurkas, English Dances, Etc.

(No charge for admission)

And on SATURDAY NIGHT, MARCH 10, in the BALL ROOM, during INTERVALS, from 11 p.m. to 1 a.m. Dancing as usual from 10 p.m.

Tickets of Admission \$2.00 each.

The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS
BUREAU OFFICE, Ford Building, Wilmington,
Delaware, U. S. A.

Address all communications to
THE CHINA PRESS
Publication Office Canton and Kiangse Rd., Shanghai
Editorial Office, Canton and Kiangse Rd., Shanghai
New York Office, 100 Broadway
Washington Bureau Metropolitan Bank Building
London Bureau, 100 Strand
Paris Bureau, 100 Rue de la Paix
Berlin Office, 100 Friedrichstrasse
Tokyo Office, 100 Maruyama Building
Hankow Office, 100 Commercial Building
Tientsin Office, 100 Victoria Road
Peking Office, 100 Legation Road
Harbin Office, 100 Commercial Building
Manchuria Office, 100 Commercial Building
Kobe Office, 100 Commercial Building
Yokohama Office, 100 Commercial Building
Osaka Office, 100 Commercial Building
Kobe Office, 100 Commercial Building
Yokohama Office, 100 Commercial Building
Osaka Office, 100 Commercial Building

Subscription Rates
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year, Max. \$22.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY four Months \$8.00
SUNDAY, per Year, 7.00

Mailed to Outposts, 50 cents per month, or
Mex. \$6.00 per year extra.
Mailed to foreign countries the cost of postage
will be added.

Street Sales—Daily 10 cents per copy; Sunday
50 cents per copy.

Entered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission
with "special marks" privileges in China.
Entered as second-class mail matter at U. S.
Postal Department, Washington, D. C.
Entered as a newspaper at the Japanese P. O.
Telephone—1432 Business Office.
1431 Editorial Department.
Telegraph Address—NATHAN SHANGHAI.

THE CHINA PRESS, Incorporated,
Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Very cloudy weather. Fresh to
strong Northerly winds along the
coast, especially in the South.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, MARCH 6, 1917

A Filibuster That Succeeded— And Failed

WHILE the filibuster organized by a small group of American Senators succeeded in preventing the passage of the Armed Neutrality Bill, it did not succeed in tying the President's hands, for Mr. Wilson has lost no time in announcing that, relying on the large vote in the House in favor of the measure—403 to 13—and the manifesto of 90 per cent of the Senate membership that they were in favor of it, he will assume the powers that would have been conferred by the measure and will proceed to arm American merchantmen and take other steps for their protection.

Not only has the filibustering group failed to tie Mr. Wilson's hands; it has left his hands untied—in fact the whole game is in his hands, for he has got the vote of the money he desired, and now, with Congress adjourned, he can for the time being proceed to his purpose untrammelled by the constant necessity of going before that body for money and votes of support. The new Congress will not begin its sittings until next December unless it is called in special session earlier. It is more than likely that the new Congress will soon be summoned, but for a few days at least the President has the chance to interpret the will of the country in his own way and there is every likelihood he will take advantage of it.

A few days ago Reuter's brought part of the President's address to the joint session of Congress in which he asked for authority "to supply our merchant ships with defensive arms. . . and to employ any other instrumentalities or methods." The full text of this part of the President's speech was telegraphed to the American Legation at Peking and has been given out there. Now that Congress has adjourned it will no doubt be read with a good deal of special interest as revealing what the President is likely to do. The President said:

"No one doubts what it is our duty to do. We must defend our commerce and the lives of our people in the present trying circumstances with discretion but with clear and steadfast purpose. Only the method and the extent remain to be chosen upon the occasion, if occasion should indeed arise. Since it has unannouncedly proved impossible to safeguard our neutral rights by diplomatic means against the unwarranted infringement they are suffering at the hands of Germany there may be no recourse but to armed neutrality which we shall know how to maintain and for which there is abundant American precedent.

"It is devoutly to be hoped that it will not be necessary to put armed force anywhere in action. The American people do not desire it and our desire is not different from theirs. I am sure that they will understand the spirit in which I am now acting and the purpose I hold nearest my heart and would wish to exhibit in everything I do. I am anxious that the people of the nations at war also would understand and not mistrust us; I hope that I need give no further proof and assurance than I have already given throughout nearly three years of anxious patience that I am the friend of peace and mean to preserve it for America as long as I am able.

"I am not now proposing or contemplating war or any steps that need lead to it. I merely request that you will accord me by your own vote and definite bestowal the means and the authority to safeguard in practice the right of a great people who are at peace and who are desirous of exercising none but the rights of peace to follow the pursuits of peace in quietness and good will—rights recognised time out of mind by all the civilised nations of the world. No course of my choosing or of theirs will lead to war. War can come only by willful acts and aggressions of others.

"You will understand why I can make no definite proposals or forecasts of action now and must ask your supporting authority in the most general terms. The form in which action may become necessary cannot yet be foreseen. I believe that the people will be willing to trust me to act with restraint, with prudence and in the true spirit of amity and good faith that they have themselves displayed throughout the trying months, and it is in that belief that I request that you will authorize me to supply our merchant ships with defensive arms, should that become necessary, and with the means of using them, and to employ any other instrumentalities or methods that may be necessary and adequate to protect our ships and our people in their legitimate and peaceful pursuits on the seas. I request also that you will grant me at the same time along with the powers I ask a sufficient credit to enable me to provide adequate means of protection where they are lacking, including adequate insurance against the present war risks."

President and Premier

THE sensational quarrel between the President and Premier of China and subsequent angry departure of the latter for Tientsin, followed by part of his Cabinet, is unfortunate and adds confusion to an already confused situation. Something of the sort, however, was almost inevitable in view of the matters at issue and the unfamiliarity, and, indeed, ignorance of those in charge of them and upon whose shoulders rests the burden of decision. It is China's first big plunge into the stormy sea of world politics and it is quite natural that she should founder about for awhile before getting her breath and her stroke.

There are several groups at work in Peking and they do not see eye to eye. Premier Tuan Chi-jui, it is evident, wants to sever diplomatic relations with Germany, declare war on her and join the Entente—this without reference to Parliament. He is supported in this stand by part of his Cabinet and apparently by the leaders of Parliament. President Li Yuan-hung prefers a more cautious procedure. Under the Constitution he feels that any step beyond the severance of diplomatic relations should be taken only after Parliamentary debate and vote. Further, he seems inclined to follow the lead of the United States, moving no faster and no slower than that country does. In fact there is evidence that he favors for the moment a sort of Third Group, composed of the United States and China.

In addition to these two groups, there are several others whose activities serve to complicate matters. One of these is, of course, the pro-Germans, and another is composed of those who are anti-Japanese and who feel that China, by entering the war on the side of the Entente Powers, is placing herself at the mercy of Japan. These latter argue that Japan would take advantage of the opportunity thus afforded further to entrench herself in Shantung.

It will be seen that the situation is a difficult one, fraught with many pitfalls, but this crisis in the world's affairs makes it more than ever an imperative duty for China to keep her house in order. It is her great opportunity and we rely upon the good sense and self-restraint of those in power to realize this and avert the threatened calamity, for that is what any attempt by the quarrelling factions to settle their present differences by force of arms would approximate.

Save Some Bridges

"Do not break down all the bridges," is the plea of a great French writer, confronted with the tornado of animal hatred and fury which is making at this time Europe into a lunatic asylum.

"The struggle and suffering in the material world is sufficiently appalling," says the *Nation*. "The disorganization of the kingdom of spiritual values is perhaps more ominous. Whatever the result of the war, humanity has got to go on living in some semblance of human relationships."

From Day Laborer to Head of World's Greatest Corporation! A Story Every Boy In Shanghai Should Read

By B. C. Forbes
(Leite's Weekly)

The president of the largest corporation the world has ever known began life as a common laborer. Today he is without doubt one of the greatest practical industrial executives in America. I know no man possessing more knowledge of his business, practical, theoretical, detail and general, than James A. Farrell, president of the United States Steel Corporation. He carries in his head more steel facts than any other human being.

Not only does he know how to make steel, not only has he had practical training in every phase of manufacturing steel products, but he has done more than any other person, past or present, to send American merchandise into every corner of the earth. Before others began even to talk about the vital importance of outlets for American products, James A. Farrell, working literally day and night and journeying hither and thither across the seven seas, was blazing the trail for American goods and actually creating markets yielding millions of dollars a year to American workmen and American business enterprises. He is known as "the father of the export steel trade."

Mr. Farrell holds the record for securing foreign orders for American goods. He is the greatest international salesman America has ever produced.

So modest is he, so averse is he to talking about himself or his achievements, that he was unknown to the American public until his name was proclaimed to the world as the new president of the Steel Corporation six years ago. "Who is Farrell?" the people and the papers asked. Newspaper "morgues" were ransacked in vain for data about him. So were "Who's Who" and other publications chronicling the careers of notables.

Even now James A. Farrell is imperfectly known to all but those in the steel industry. Here are a few facts—and they are facts—about him:

Facts About Farrell

When a boy he began training his memory and he has disciplined it so thoroughly throughout his life that he admittedly has the finest memory of any business man in the country.

Though working 12 hours a day as a laborer in a wire mill, he studied systematically every evening, and in 14 months became a mechanic, rising to be foreman in charge of the 300 men in the works before he was 19.

Having made several voyages with his seafaring father when a school-boy, he became interested in foreign lands and today he is as familiar with every foreign country as he is with Pittsburgh or New York—he has been called "a walking gazetteer of the world."

His knowledge of shipping, of steamship lines and lanes, of how best to transport merchandise from any one point of the globe to any other point is so far beyond that of any other human being that he has won the nickname "the American Lloyd's Register"—he can tell the location any day of hundreds of vessels plying all over the seven seas.

Twenty years before the average American realized the importance of foreign outlets for domestic products, Mr. Farrell, in face of obstacles which would have driven others to despair, inaugurated, single-handedly, a campaign for the conquest of overseas markets for American steel products and built up an export business before the war of almost \$100,000,000 a year, a record not approached by any other individual. Since then the annual total has been more than doubled.

Today, as President of the Foreign Trade Council, he is rendering invaluable service to American manufacturers in aiding them to overcome obstacles in entering foreign markets.

In nine days' examination during the Government's suit against the Steel Corporation, Mr. Farrell astounded everybody by answering thousands upon thousands of questions of every conceivable variety without having to refer to a single scrap of paper. The replies in many cases called for the recital of average, maximum, minimum and percentage figures involving decimal points, yet the witness recited them from memory as easily as if he had recited them in front of his eyes.

He can enter the mills and mines of the company and greet hundreds of co-workers by their first names even though, as occasionally happens, he runs across a workman he may not have met since the days when they sat together as common laborers or artisans on the cinder pile.

His associates declare that he has the uncanny faculty of being able

to do two things at once; for example, he can listen to and digest everything said to him by a caller and at the same time read and absorb everything in a letter or report submitted to him for consideration and decision.

He has read every important book published on the iron industry and every worth-while volume on the history and conditions of other countries, his library of these subjects being second to that of no other individual. When electricity promised to become a factor in manufacturing and transportation he paid \$1,500 for a complete library of books on electricity.

With it all, with all his amazing knowledge, his unique standing in his field and his power as president of an organization employing 270,000 men, James A. Farrell is still "Jim" Farrell, as democratic as when he first answered the whistle of the wire mill and as hard a worker.

A scene incongruous in these supposedly hard, materialistic days of rushing business, unceasing pressure and lack of sentiment, was witnessed in a busy skyscraper in downtown New York, six years ago.

Several hundred men and women waylaid one of their number to present him with a loving cup. He had received signal promotion and they pressed around him to offer congratulations and bid him God-speed. They were quite happy until the presentation speech was made, when it dawned upon them that they were saying farewell and that they were to lose their colleague.

A sob was heard—from a stenographer or a telephone girl. In two minutes there was not a dry eye in the whole house. Enough tears were shed to fill the loving cup.

The employees were those of the United States Steel Products Company and the man was their chief, James A. Farrell, who had been promoted from the presidency of that subsidiary to the presidency of the billion-dollar parent company.

When Mr. Farrell was sitting day after day on the witness stand during the Government's investigation of the company, newspaper writers described him as a machine rather than a man, as carrying on his shoulders, not a human head, but a Pandora's box filled with every conceivable variety of figures and knowledge, as wearing an expression as immobile as the Sphinx and as talking without apparently moving his lips—a statue rather than a mortal. They portrayed him as all head. They could not analyze his heart.

The truth is that James A. Farrell's heart is larger than his head; it is made of even better stuff. But he doesn't wear it on his sleeve. He hasn't the conquering smile of Charles M. Schwab, one of his predecessors. He is not given to making an ostentatious fuss when meeting or welcoming anyone. He affects none of society's artificial "gush."

An intimate analysis reveals James A. Farrell as a man of intense sympathy—he is what his Spanish friends call "simpatico" in an unusual degree. He understands human nature as well as he understands iron. Interested as he has been beyond almost any other man in developing America's steel industry, he has been still more interested in the human beings who sweat and toil to make the steel. His titanic efforts to find foreign markets have not prevented him from striving incessantly to improve the conditions of American workmen—indeed, the revolution which has taken place in conditions at steel plants since Mr. Farrell first entered the wire mill as a boy has been due in no slight measure to his efforts.

Perhaps, too, an inherited sense of Irish humor has had something to do with enabling him successfully to meet difficulties and men at home and abroad. Even the responsibilities that press upon the president of a concern doing almost a billion dollars' worth of business a year have not crushed the love of fun—nor the boyishness of heart—from Mr. Farrell. When off duty—particularly when clad in oilskins and high boots he skips his sailboat—he enjoys playing pranks with his family or friends. But let us go back and trace Mr. Farrell's career from the beginning.

A Genius For Geography
At school in New Haven, Conn., where he was born on February 15, 1853, James A. Farrell developed a keen interest in geography. He learned to draw maps from memory and to fill in correctly the principal cities, seaports, rivers, etc. He took pains to remember what he learned and his naturally good memory

developed. The Farrells had been seafaring people for several generations, and when James was a mere lad his father took him on several voyages.

One day the elder Farrell's ship—sailed away from New York and was heard of no more. With the vanishing of the vessel vanished the son's dreams of a college education. Instead of entering a university he entered a wire mill as a laborer. Although only fifteen and one-half, his sturdy physique and excellent health, which have never failed him, enabled him to perform the duties of a man. Twelve hours' manual toil every day did not dampen his ardor for study. Returning from the works after a full round of the clock he applied himself diligently to his books. As a little boy he had a fondness for swapping knives and for other juvenile business transactions and he now had an ambition to become a salesman.

While performing the tasks of a common laborer he had kept his eyes open and had used his scanty opportunities to such purpose that in 14 months he was promoted to the position of a mechanic. In this capacity he learned how to draw all kinds of wire from the thickness of a human hair to a hawser strong enough to pull a ship. Before he was 20 he left the New Haven Wire Mill and went to the Pittsburgh Oliver Wire Company as an expert wire drawer. By the time he cast his first vote he was foreman over all the 800 men in the mill.

All this time, however, he was daily and nightly striving to fit himself to become a salesman. In addition to having learned every trick of the wire-drawing trade he had assiduously sought to learn other branches of the iron and steel industry and had also improved his general education by systematic study. When 23 he attained his object: his company appointed him salesman with the whole of the United States as his territory.

Of course he succeeded—succeeded so well that the important Pittsburgh Wire Company of Braddock, Pa., made him its sales manager three years later. His office headquarters were in New York, and this enabled him to rub shoulders with many influential steel men and also served to broaden his training and his outlook.

Here again he made his mark, and when only 30 he was promoted to be general manager of the whole organization.

"The explanation of Farrell's success as a salesman," one of his intimates impressed upon me, "is that he knew the business so thoroughly from the ore up that he could not only talk intelligently about his wares, but often he could give buyers sound advice as to the kind of material that would best suit their purpose. He did not build up his business by the methods then too often in vogue. He did not take buyers to saloons or clubs and sign contracts over booze. He is a teetotaler. He was not even a 'good mixer.' It was not glib talk that won him customers, but something more solid. He was a delightful companion—his Irish wit was always on tap—and serious-minded people found him an excellent conversationalist because he was so well read. Farrell was really a salesman plus; he knew more about goods than nine-tenths of the men he did business with. And he had a reputation for being straight. You could depend upon 'Jim' Farrell's word."

Farrell's selection as general manager of the Pittsburgh Wire Company came in 1893, the panic year. The steel business was prostrated. Farrell's first year as manager threatened to prove a bad one. Nobody would buy substantial amounts of anything. What was to be done? Most business men resigned themselves to conditions on the theory, "We must wait until the storm passes and things come our way again."

Farrell didn't wait for orders to come his way. He went after them. And here the knowledge he had absorbed came to his aid. He had studied foreign countries exhaustively and knew a great deal about their internal conditions, principal industries, steel requirements and tariffs.

Fourthly he invaded the foreign field with might and main. By December 31 he had sold one-half the plant's product abroad! For three years Mr. Farrell lived within a stone's throw of the mill at Braddock. Many a time he was called out of bed at night to straighten

out some unexpected tangle. He nursed the mill with the fidelity of a mother to her child. Naturally it grew. Although no additional capital was put into it, its value trebled during Farrell's six years' management.

Control having been purchased in 1899 by John W. Gates and others who formed the American Steel and Wire Company of New Jersey, the position of foreign sales agent of the merger was offered Mr. Farrell. When, in 1901, the United States Steel Corporation was organized, with the American Steel and Wire Company as one of its principal subsidiaries, Mr. Farrell was unanimously chosen as the best man to develop the foreign end of the giant's operations. The

choice of Mr. Farrell for this difficult position was inevitable, so completely had he outdistanced all others as a master of foreign business.

In order to co-ordinate the overseas activities of all the subsidiaries, the United States Steel Products Company was incorporated in 1903, and Mr. Farrell became its president. His work here forms a notable page in the history of our foreign trade.

In the first year, 1904, sales of the Steel Corporation and of its subsidiaries to foreign countries totaled \$21,000,000; by 1912 the figure had exceeded \$90,000,000, while the 1916 aggregate exceeds \$200,000,000. The cost of doing this foreign business when Mr. Farrell took hold ranged from seven to eleven per cent; it is now well under one per cent and he hopes to cut it down to one-half of one per cent. The whole world has been dotted with agencies, some 260 having been established in more than 60 countries. Finding steamship service inadequate, Mr. Farrell induced the corporation to acquire a fleet of its own and to charter

(Continued on Page 7)



TECTOR

THE RIGHT FOUNDATION

Primer Surfer Filler
100% greater efficiency

FOR

Paints, Varnishes and Enamels

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., Inc.,

SOLE AGENTS:

Paint Contracting Dept.

18 B Kiangse Road.

Telephone 108.

BURROUGHS AND WATTS BILLIARD TABLES COMPLETE

ALSO

The Burwat Patent Steel Vacuum Cushions with Mahogany Rails which can be fitted to any full size Table.

Stocked by

Boyes, Bassett & Co.,

AGENTS

35 Nanking Road.

The chance of a lifetime!

Large shipment just arrived.

AMERICAN PIANOS

Specialty made for this climate and fully

GUARANTEED for five years

FRANCIS BACON PIANOS
(New York)

Owing to the exceptional exchange, only

\$450 cash

or \$500, payable \$50 down and \$25 monthly
(no interest)

THE ROBINSON PIANO CO., LTD.

THOS. COOK AND SON

STEAMSHIP AND RAILWAY

TICKETS.

2 and 3 Foochow Road, Shanghai

Telephone 2203 and 2218

Bringing Up Father



By George McManus



All Over The World

In his recently published book, "My Life," Mr. G. R. Sims has a good story about the actor, Wilson Barrett, who more than a little, after the manner of many actors, approved of himself in the role of Hamlet. He asked his landlady, who had recently witnessed a performance of the play, how she liked it. "Well, sir," she said, with all the inhumanity of faint praise, "I'm not much of a judge of that sort of thing—but you did your little bit all right."

If we correctly understand our contemporary, the Chicago Herald, the possession of a Little Theater, a symphony orchestra, a poetry magazine, and an opera company, is a certain indication that the city in which that journal's interests, hopes, and pride are centered has "arrived." The times have surely changed. Chicago used to think it had "arrived" when one or other of its league baseball teams held the pennant.

transmuting of ore into iron and steel, of manufacturing all classes of products, of how to sell at home and abroad.

"Jim" Farrell had one other qualification. He knew how to inspire workmen and win their loyalty. For example, he was inspecting a mine when the superintendent cautioned him not to enter a certain heading because it was dangerous owing to falling slate. "Aren't there men working in there?" asked Mr. Farrell. "Yes," he was told. "Very well," replied Mr. Farrell, "if it is right for the men to be there it is all right for me to go in." And in he went. The incident spread all over the mine and a reporter wrote a "story" about it. It was widely reprinted and commented upon which surprised Mr. Farrell, for he did not consider his action anything out of the ordinary. But among miners, steel workers and other employees it stamped him as unspooled by success.

Just after his election to the presidency a friend invited Mr. Farrell to join a theater party. When they arrived Mr. Farrell absolutely refused to sit in a prominent position in the box. He picture had been appearing in publications throughout the country and he feared he might be recognised by some of the audience and perhaps stared at, not to say talked about, as pushing himself into the limelight! When not working, which is often,

his favorite recreation is handling his boat, with members of his family and perhaps a few friends on board. His charities, of which nothing is ever heard, run chiefly to children's homes and hospitals.

When I asked Mr. Farrell what his life's experience had taught him, what he could pass on to the myriads of young men ambitious to succeed he cited these as some of the essentials—in addition, of course, to

honesty, integrity and other to-be-taken-for-granted qualities: "Application. If a task is to be done, do it no matter how unimportant it may seem."

"Concentration and Specialisation on definite lines of work."

"Cultivation of a good memory, and a practical imagination, with ability to analyze conditions and evolve new plans and methods—that is, originality."

Hirsbrunner & Co.

1 NANKING ROAD.

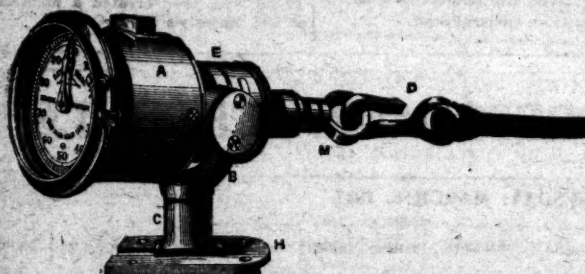
Agents for
ADMIRALTY CHARTS

Prismatic binoculars

Negretti and Zambra Telescopes

Marine Chronometers, Deck watches, Lever Engine Room clocks, Lever Saloon Clocks, Lever Chart Room Clocks

Barometers, Thermometers, Hygrometers, Negretti and Zambra's Sextants



Walker's "Cherub" Ship Logs

Taffrail Bliss Logs

Lord Kelvin's Standard Compasses

Everything pertaining to navigation. Send for Catalogue.

From Day Laborer To Head of Corporation

(Continued from Page 6)

additional vessels; today it owns or has under long-term charter 35 ships. Its exports of 2,500,000 tons a year load several hundred steamers every year—about three every two days. Steel Corporation steamers penetrate far-off places not touched by other vessels and carry goods of other shippers, including competitors, to such places.

The products handled include everything in iron and steel from special nails for China to bridges for Iceland, wire for the Holy Land and skyscrapers for South America.

Only those who have tried to open up new markets can understand the labor, the skill and patience the creation of such an organization demanded. "Mr. Farrell did the work of four men," declared E. P. Thomas, then one of Mr. Farrell's co-workers and later his successor as president of the Steel Products

Company. "He seemed to know everything and could remember everything. He had a tremendous capacity for work; after putting in a full day here at the office he would take home bundles of business papers, and 'clean up,' as he called it, at night. He often worked 14 hours a day. We received several hundreds of cables and letters every day. The way he contrived to digest all important matters in this mass of material and answer personally a great part of it was astounding."

"Of course, we all pitched in and helped all we could, for there never was a man of greater personal magnetism. Every employee regarded him as a sort of father and counselor, who could be depended upon for guidance and sympathy in domestic or other troubles."

When the presidency of the Steel Corporation became vacant there was no difference of opinion as to the ideal man for the job. James A. Farrell towered far above any other figure. He knew every detail of the mining, transportation and

INTERNATIONAL CLEANING AND DYEING WORKS

F. 126 Bubbling Well Rd

have opened a new receiving office at 6A Broadway

(Scotch Bakery.)



Dr. John Goddard
Optician

Refracting

and

Manufacturing

Toric Lenses

Invisible Bifocals

Sun Glasses

in

Various Shades

W. T. Findley M. D.

36, Nanking Road

EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK



When you use "Eagle Brand" Milk, either as a pure food for your baby or a rich milk for cooking, you know that you are getting

RICH, SAFE MILK

Connell Bros. Company

AGENTS FOR CHINA



You can get a ready supply of

Hot Water At Any Time

by using a

Gas Water Heater

which can be hired from the

SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.

For particulars apply to

Engineer's Office

5 Thibet Road.

or Showroom

29 Nanking Road.



Getzbest

MAMMOTH WHITE ASPARAGUS

There is no waste. You can eat the entire spear.

FROM ALL DEALERS

GETZ BROS. AND CO., INC., SAN FRANCISCO, SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.
 Capital£1,200,000
 Reserve Fund1,800,000
 Reserve Liability of Shareholders1,200,000

Head Office:
 55 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
 Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
 Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
 Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
 W. H. Neville Gochen, Esq.
 W. R. H. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.

W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
 Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
 The Bank of England.
 The London City & Midland Bank, Limited.

The London County & Westminster Bank, Limited.

The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.

The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar, Delhi, Puket, Bangkok, Ipoh, Rangoon, Batavia, Karachi, Saigon, Bombay, Klang, Seremban, Calcutta, Kobe, Singapore, Canton, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Cebu, Madras, Sourabaya, Colombo, Malacca, Taiping, Delhi, Manila, (F. M. S.), Foochow, Medan, Tavoy, (Lower), Haiphong, New York, Burma, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Hongkong, Penang, Yokohama.

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND, Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

CapitalFr. 48,000,000
 ReservesFr. 48,000,000

Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok, Hanoi, Saigon, Battambang, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Mengtze, Singapore, Djibouti, Noumea, Tientsin, Douchery, Peking, Tourane, Haiphong, Papeete, Hankou, Phnom-Penh.

Bankers:

In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.

In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Societe Anonyme

CapitalFr. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS

London office: 2 Bishopsgate.

Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President: JEAN JADOT

Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:

London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.

Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.

Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.

Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.

Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.

New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Tels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

W. A. HOEHN, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital\$15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—

Sterling, £1,500,000 @ 2s. 15,000,000

Silver15,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors\$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:

S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Chairman.

J. A. Plummer Esq., Deputy.

Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton, [Chairman]

G. T. M. Edkins, Esq.

C. S. Gubbay, Esq.

Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.

E. V. D. Farr, Esq.

W. L. Pattenden, Esq.

Hon. Mr. E. Shellim.

Chief Manager: Hongkong—N. J. STARR.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy, Ipoh, Peking, Bankok, Johore, Penang, Batavia, Kobe, Rangoon, Bombay, Calcutta, S. Francisco, Canton, Lyons, Singapore, Colombo, Malacca, Sourabaya, Foochow, Manila, Tientsin, Harbin, Nagasaki, Yokohama, Hilo.

London Bankers:

London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.

Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully-paid)55,000,000

Reserve Fund24,600,000

Kpg. Tls.

Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government3,500,000

Reserve Fund1,743,000

Head Office: PETERSBURG.

Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.

London Office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:

London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.

Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.

Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

For Eastern Branches and Agencies:

Bombay, Hallan, Peking, Calcutta, Hankow, Shanghai, Chanchun, Harbin, Tientsin, (Kwan Hongkong Tsingtau chendze) Newchwang Vladivostok.

Chefoo, Nicolayowsk, Yokohama, Dalny, (Dairen) O-A.

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Tels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposits Boxes.

J. JEZERSKI, Q. CARRERE, Managers for China and Japan.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Up Capital\$ 300,000.00

Reserves\$ 10,000.00

Deposits (Dec. 31, 1916) \$1,400,000.00

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a specialty.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current account in both tels and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both tels and dollars, will be furnished on request.

K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

The Bank of China.

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital\$60,000,000

Paid-up Capital\$10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:

Peking, Tientsin, Newchwang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shansi, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH, 3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account in Tels at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.

For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.

For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Saving Bank Office: 12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.

Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3 1/4 per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance.

Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Tels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

CapitalFrancs 45,000,000

One-third of the Capital, i.e. Fr. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC.

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.

General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE: 74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai.

Bankers:

In France: Societe Generale pour le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

In London: London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION, Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed ..Yen 48,000,000

Capital Paid-up\$ 30,000,000

Reserve Fund\$ 20,800,000

London Bankers:

Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Antungshin, London, Port Arthur, Bombay, Liaoyang, S. Francisco, Calcutta, Los Angeles, Singapore, Changchun, Lyons, Sydney, Dalny, Mukden, Sinanfu, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tieling, Harbin, Newchwang, Tientsin, Hongkong, New York, Tokyo, Honolulu, Osaka, Tsingtau, Kobe, Peking.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office: National City Bank Building, 60 Wall Street, New York

London Office: 35 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Capital paid-up...U.S. \$3,250,000.00

Reserve and Undivided Profits\$ 3,931,774.11

U.S. \$7,181,774.11

Branches at:

Hongkong, Singapore, Calcutta, Kobe, S. Francisco, Canton, London, Tientsin, Cebu, Manila, Yokohama, Colon (P.C.Z.), Medellin, Peking, Hankow, Panama, Shanghai.

Through its close affiliation with THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special service of the Branches of that Institution in Cuba and South America:—BUENOS AIRES, HABANA, MONTEVIDEO, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTIAGO DE CUBA, SANTOS, SAO PAULO, VALPARAISO, BAHIA-BRAZIL.

The Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business, issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, available in the United States of America and in all other parts of the world, and receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and on FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNT which can be ascertained on application.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.

1a Klukiang Road, SHANGHAI

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERRLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital: Guilds 60,000,000 (about £5,000,000)

Reserve Fund: Guilds 9,925,421 (about £827,120)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.

Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland: THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Banjermaasin Padang, Soerakarta, Bandoeng, Palembang, Tandjong Balei, Cheribon, Pekalongan, Tebin-Tinggi, Dejember, Penang, Tegal, Djokjakarta, Pontianak, Telok-Betong, Hongkong, Rangoon, Tiliatjat, Kota-Radja, Semarang, Weltevreden, Makassar, Singapore, Medan, Soerabaya.

London Bankers:

Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in tels and dollars.

STATIONER INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG, Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital, Sh. Tls. 5,000,000

Paid-up Capital ..Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3 per cent per annum.

For 6 months at 4 per cent per annum.

For 12 months at 5 per cent per annum.

On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorised Capital ..H. \$2,000,000

Subscribed and Paid-up CapitalH. \$1,357,850

Reserve FundH. \$70,000

Head Office: 6, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office: 2, Ningpo Road.

Drafts granted on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 per cent p.a. on daily balance and on Fixed Deposits:

For 3 months at 3 per cent per annum.

For 6 months at 4 per cent per annum.

For 12 months at 5 per cent per annum.

On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

JUKUUN, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital£1,500,000

Subscribed Capital1,125,000

Paid-up Capital562,500

Reserve Fund550,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:

Bank of England.

London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Bombay, Howrah, Madras, Calcutta, Kandy, Penang, Colombo, Karachi, Port Louis, Delhi, Kota Bahr (Mauritius), Galle (Kelantan), Rangoon, Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Singapore.

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 per cent annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH, Acting Manager.

7 Nanking Road. 9752

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Paid-up Capital: Kungping Tels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Mar 6	...	Tacoma etc.	Manila maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
9	5.00	San Francisco	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
13	11.30	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Tamba maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
17	...	Vancouver B.C.	Empress of Russia	Br.	C. P. O. S.
19	...	New York via Panama	Tokai maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
27	...	San Francisco	Nippon maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
31	...	Vancouver B.C.	Empress of Japan	Br.	C. P. O. S.
31	...	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P. M. S. S. Co.
Apr 3	6.30	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Shidzuka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Mar 6	9.30	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Chikugo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
8	...	Moji, Kobe and Osaka	Kumano maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
9	5.00	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
9	3.00	Nagasaki	Pollux	Rus.	R. V. F.
10	11.30	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Hakui maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
13	11.30	Kobe & Yokohama	Tamba maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
17	...	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Nippon maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
17	...	Kobe & Osaka	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
17	...	Moji, Kobe and Yokohama	Empress of Russia	Br.	C. P. O. S.
19	5.30	Kobe & Yokohama	Fushimi maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
27	...	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Nippon maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
31	...	Moji, Kobe & Yokohama	Empress of Japan	Br.	C. P. O. S.
31	...	Kobe and Yokohama	Ecuador	Am.	P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Mar 11	11.3	London etc.	Iyo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
25	11.00	London etc.	Miyazaki maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Apr 1	...	London etc.	Kitamao maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Mar 6	3.30	Ningpo	Kiangteon	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.
10	4.00	Hongkong & Canton	Cheong	Br.	B. & S.
6	A.M.	Hongkong & Canton	Kwanthah	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.
7	4.00	Ningpo	Asia Pekin	Chi.	B. & S.
7	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N. S. S. Co.
7	D.L.	Hongkong	Pakhoi	Br.	B. & S.
8	11.00	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
9	D.L.	Swatow & Hongkong	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
11	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Abdulla	Br.	B. & S.
12	...	Manila via Hongkong	Ecuador	Am.	P. M. S. S. Co.
13	...	Hongkong	Mexico maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
13	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Sunking	Br.	B. & S.
15	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
15	5.30	Hongkong	Shidzuka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Apr 1	...	Hongkong	China	Am.	C. M. S. S. Co.
10	...	Hongkong	Monteagle	Br.	C. P. O. S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Mar 6	10.0	Dalry	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
6	10.0	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
6	D.L.	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Kingslag	Br.	J. M. & Co.
7	10.0	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
8	9.00	Tsingtao	Tenchu maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
9	11.00	Tsingtao and Dalry	Kobe maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
9	9.00	Vladivostok	Pollux	Rus.	R. V. F.
10	9.00	Tsingtao	Ono maru	Jap.	S. M. R.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Mar 6	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Fengyang maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
6	M.N.	do	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
6	M.N.	do	Pulwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
6	M.N.	do	Tehsing	Br.	Geddes & Co.
7	M.N.	do	Kiangwan	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.
7	M.N.	do	Vanakin	Br.	B. & S.
8	M.N.	do	Kuiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
8	M.N.	do	Kiangshin	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.
8	M.N.	do	Yongyang maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
9	M.N.	do	Tachang maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
9	M.N.	do	Tuckoo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
9	M.N.	do	Hakata	Br.	B. & S.
10	M.N.	do	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
10	M.N.	do	Siangyang maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
11	M.N.	do	Kianglo	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.
15	M.N.	do	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Mar 4	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
4	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	N. S. N. Co.	NSCW
5	Hongkong	Sinkiang	1616	Br.	B. & S.	
5	Japan	Hakata maru	208	Jap.	N. Y. K.	
5	Hankow	Fengyang maru	2808	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
5	Dalry	Sakaki maru	1346	Jap.	S. M. R.	SMRW
5	Dalry	George	777	Rus.	M. B. K.	CW
5	Japan	Kumano maru	3147	Jap.	N. Y. K.	WSW
5	Hankow	Ngankin	1719	Br.	B. & S.	CNW

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Mar 4	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Pengting	1073	Br.	B. & S.
4	Tientsin	Hsinkong	1267	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.
4	Hongkong & Canton	Hulchow	1248	Br.	B. & S.
4	Hankow etc.	Kiangyang	1451	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.
4	Native Customs	Kwangchi	314	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.
4	Chinkiang	Tientsin	1222	Br.	B. & S.
5	Java Ports	Tjimanok	3510	Dut.	H. C. T. Co.
5	Wakamatsu	Pukulu maru	1100	Jap.	M. B. K.
5	Tsingtao, Dalry	Wosag	1127	Br.	J. M. & Co.
5	Hankow etc.	Kiangyo	1490	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.
5	Hankow etc.	Talee maru	1126	Jap.	N. Y. K.
5	Hankow etc.	Luenbo	1206	Br.	J. M. & Co.
8	London	Antiochus	5806	Br.	B. & S.
5	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2868	Br.	B. & S.
5	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chi.	N. S. N. Co.

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
BNE	Jan. 30	ruise	Cincinnati	Am. cru.	3215	10	314	Fewel
EP	Nov. 8	Cruise	Monocacy	Am. g-b.	190	2	47	Carter
PAOB	Feb. 11	Cruise	Quinos	Am. g-b.	359			Loftin
TP	Feb. 11	Cruise	Samur	Am. g-b.	244	6	29	Kir
SP	Feb. 12	Cruise	Villalobos	Am. g-b.				Ciarke

The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Decidee, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s s.s. Suwo, 2,671 tons, Captain Seller, will leave on Tuesday, the 6th instant, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co's Str. Fengyang Maru, Captain S. Takano, will be despatched from the N.Y.K. Wharf on Tuesday, March 6 at about 12 o'clock midnight. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road Jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s s.s. Luenyi, Capt. Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, the 6th inst., at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangwan, Capt. C. B. Conley, will leave on Wednesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s s.s. Ngankin, Captain Newcomb will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, the 7th instant, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co's Str. Yohyang Maru, Capt. A. E. Inwood, will be despatched from the Pootung N.K.K. Wharf on Thursday, March 8 at about 12 o'clock midnight. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road Jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The Str. Kwangtai, Capt. C. Stewart will leave on Tuesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s s.s. Chennan, Captain H. A. Wavell will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, March 6, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s s.s. Hsin Peking, Captain A. Stott R.N.R. will leave from the French Bund on Wednesday, the 7th inst., at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOI, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s s.s. Sinkiang, Captain Benson will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, the 8th inst., at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW and HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s s.s. Tamsui, Captain J. A. McCulloch will leave on Friday, the 9th inst., at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, Tel. No. 77.

For Northern Ports

WEIHAUWEI, CHEFOO and TIENSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s s.s. Shengking, Captain Watt, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, March 6, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAUWEI, CHEFOO and TIENSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s s.s. Shuntien, Captain Northcombe will leave the French Bund on Wednesday, the 7th inst., at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Japan

NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—The s.s. Tenyo Maru, 22,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith, will be despatched on Friday, March 9. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 5 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers to the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 a.m. The launch conveying passengers to the N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru will leave the Canton Road Jetty at 11 p.m.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS. FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting and Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtze and Hunan Lake.

*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chennan, Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connecting at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports. Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.

For TIENSIN and PEKING via WEIHAUWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m.

The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Pootung Road.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Freight: Telephone No. 77. Agents: 21-23 French Bund. Passage: Telephone No. 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

U. S. MAIL LINE

Operating the new first-class steamers "Ecuador," "Venezuela" and "Colombia" 14,000 tons each TO SAN FRANCISCO VIA KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

THE SUNSHINE BELT

The most comfortable route to America and Europe

Sailing to Manila and Hongkong. To San Francisco

S.S. "Venezuela"	Mar 12	Mar 31
S.S. "Ecuador"	Mar 12	Mar 31
S.S. "Colombia"	Apr. 6	Apr. 25

(Subject to change)

These steamers have the most modern equipment, including overhead fans in all staterooms, which contain no upper berths. One and two-berth staterooms only.

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers our first consideration. Tickets interchangeable with the Toyo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

For further information re freight and passage, apply to B. C. HAILE, Special representative, ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO., LTD., Agents.

1b Nanking Road (Palace Hotel Building) Telephone 5056. Shanghai.

Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.

Regular Steamship service between Sweden and China.

Shanghai Agents:

The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.

JAMES MAGILL & Co.

Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai.

Furniture and Curios Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers

SHIPPING AND FORWARDING AGENTS. Telephone 1848 83, Szechuen Road

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 14	Hankow	Albans	3769	Ger.	Carlows	YWGW
Mar 3	Japan	Asosan maru	1221	Jap.	M. B. K.	MBKW
4	Hongkong	Bohemis	4282	Aus.	Lloyd	B VII
4	Hongkong	China	3868	Aus.	Lloyd	B XIII
Mar 4	Yokohama	Chikugo maru	1446	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
Mar 4	Hongkong	Chennan	1063	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Aug 8	Hongkong	D. Rickmers	2651	Ger.	H. D. & Co	USA
Feb 28	Japan	Kempess of Japan	5940	Br.	C. P. O. S.	Woosung
Dec 27	Nanking	Fortuna	182	Ger.	H. D. & Co	10 p
Jan 12	Hongkong	Glenturret	4666	Br.	Glen-Line	YTIDW
Feb 28	Hongkong	Hunchie	616	Chi.	Tuck Wo	CERCW
Feb 6	Ningpo	Kiangteon	2012	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co.	CMEW
Mar 3	Japan	Katsuro maru	1074	Jap.	M. B. K.	
Mar 4	Tientsin	Kingsing	1228	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
Mar 4	Hankow	Luenyi	1735	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
July 16	Hankow	Medan	1688	Ger.	Melcher	NGLEB
July 30	Hankow	Melle	1688	Ger.	Melcher	NGLEB
Mar 4	Japan	Manila maru	6032	Jap.	A. T. Co.	
Mar 4	Japan	Omura maru	731	Don.	G. N. T. Co	8 p
Feb 25	Cruise	Pacific	1227	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Mar 4	Hongkong	Pakhoi	1227	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
July 30	Tsingtao	Sinkiang	1840	Ger.	H. A. L.	9 p
July 30	Hongkong	Silesia	3318	Aus.	Lloyd	B IX
Mar 4	Hankow	Suiwo	1931	Br.	J. M. & Co.	H W
Mar 4	Swatow	Shengking	1815	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Mar 4	Japan	Tori maru	360	Jap.		
Mar 4	Hankow	Tehsing	987	Br.	Geddes & Co.	NSCW
Mar 4	Japan	Urusan maru	1478	Jap.	M. B. K.	MBKW
Mar 3	Japan	Unkai maru	1478	Jap.	M. B. K.	MBKW
Mar 3	Japan	Yodo maru	1478	Jap.	M. B. K.	MBKW
Mar 4	Japan	Yumihari maru	1069	Jap.	M. B. K.	MBKW

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The s.s. Tenyo Maru, 22,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith will be despatched on Friday, March 9. Pass-

engers booked to all points in America, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 5

Business and Official Notices

The Drapery Auction
at
Funder & Co's.
will continue TODAY with
Lot 109.

The New Engineering and Shipbuilding Works, Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of The New Engineering and Shipbuilding Works, Ltd., will be held at the Shanghai General Chamber of Commerce Rooms, No. 1 Yuenming-yuen Road, Shanghai, today, at 4.30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 1st to the 6th March, 1917, both days inclusive.

Proxies to be valid must be lodged at the Company's Office not less than forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
C. A. SKINNER,
Secretary.

Shanghai Paper Hunt Club Races

THE Races will be run on Saturday, March 10, 1917 (weather permitting). The First Saddle Race will be run at 1.30 p.m. sharp. Tickets of admission have been sent to Members of the Race Club and the Paper Hunt Club and their wives and children. The Public can obtain tickets at the Gate—Price \$1 each.

Tickets for children 50 cents each. Owners can obtain tickets for their mafoos from the undersigned.

There will be Pari-Mutuels both for win and place and Members' Sweeps.

By Order of the Stewards,
R. H. NEWMAN,
Secretary,
Shanghai Paper Hunt Club.
12973

Dr. G. A. Hoefel

Internal Diseases and Bacteriology
1.30-3 p.m.

Dr. W. Vanden Broek

Ear, nose, throat and eye specialist
9-11 a.m.

Dutch Doctors, 9 Hankow Road.

Telephone 2073.

12974

The Central Garage Co., Ltd.

Mr. F. B. Walker has been appointed Secretary and General Manager of this Company from date. Mr. R. R. McKeown, recently arrived from the "Cadillac" works, will be in charge of our repairs department.

Kindly note the following changes in our Telephone Numbers:—

2661 Office
3807 Repairs and Engineering
3809 Hire
Shanghai, March 5th, 1917.
12984

The Automobile Club of China.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of Members will be held on Thursday, 22nd March, 1917, at 5 p.m., in the rooms of the Shanghai General Chamber of Commerce, No. 1 Yuenming-yuen Road, Shanghai, when Resolutions are circulated to Members with the Annual Report and Accounts will be proposed by the Committee.

Members desirous of bringing forward any resolution are requested to notify the Secretary of same immediately.

Those Members who have not already done so are requested to send their Subscription of 'Tis. 10 for 1917 to the Secretary.

By Order of the Committee,
M. G. BECK,
Secretary,
3G Peking Road,
Shanghai, 6th March, 1917.
12982

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

BILL SMITH

Bill Smith while out hunting with a dog and gun, killed forty-nine fowls and are all but one.

You may think this is funny, but he ate them all right.

For a Gordon Gin Cocktail caused his big appetite.

GORDON GIN COCKTAIL RECIPES ON APPLICATION.

Ask Bill

Garner, Quelch & Co.

Wine Merchants

COMPLETE BUSINESS TRAINING IN TWO YEARS.

Learn in your own home. We have thorough and simplified courses of study that you can complete in two years; we allow five years prepared by leading members of faculties of universities and academies.

STUDY IN YOUR OWN HOME

Our courses were prepared especially for home training. Your idle evenings can be spent in pleasant reading that will give you a thorough training.

WRITE FOR BOOKLET!
Send your name and address today for our booklet and full particulars. No obligation. Write for it at once. Now!

AMERICAN SCHOOL OF CORRESPONDENCE, OFFICE 9, 34 NANKING ROAD, SHANGHAI.

Carpets and Rugs MADE TO ORDER

Carpets and rugs of every description manufactured. Only Expert Workmen of Peking and Tientsin employed. Newest patterns and most artistic designs. Materials guaranteed to be of the best quality. Only the best Chinese colour, which remains ever fresh and will never fade, is used. Our goods have already established a wide reputation. Our factory is run on modern lines in every way, and we believe it is the first of its kind in Shanghai. Prices have been lowered. Foreign orders from abroad are solicited.

HWA YENG FACTORY.
Nos. 11, 13 and 15 Route des Soeurs French Concession.

Try Shainin's Stores

Nanking Road and Broadway

for

Canadian made Chocolates and Biscuits.

"BEST by TEST"
THE CANADIAN IMPORT CO.

Just Arrived

FRESH MAYROSE BUTT, R

Shanghai General Store
No. 5 BROADWAY

The Shanghai Land Investment Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Offices, No. 2 Jinkee Road, on Wednesday, the 14th day of March, 1917, at 3.30 o'clock p.m.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 6th to the 14th day of March, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.
Agents.
Shanghai, 28th February, 1917.
12983

ZUNG LEE & SONS. (W. Z. Zee & Sons, Est. 1895), BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

HARDWARE AND METALS

Contractors to Governments, Municipalities, Railways, Tramways, etc.

KNAPP & BAXTER, INC.

IMPORTERS OF

AMERICAN PRODUCTS

6 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, China

Phone: No. 1860

Chinese Dept. No. 1625

Kiangnan Poultry Farm

Guaranteed fresh Plymouth Rock and Leghorn Eggs,

\$1.00 for 35, or 35 cents per dozen.

Native chicken, for the table, 23 cents per lb.

Native chicken eggs, \$1.00 for 50, or 25 cents per doz.

Also Geese and Ducks for sale.

Our poultry are fed with beef, fish, grain and all kinds of green vegetables. The runs and houses are clean, well-ventilated and free from odor.

Send your order to the Farm, at Chung Hsin Road, Chapel (just opposite the Shanghai-Nanking Railway Station), or buy from us at the Hongkew Market from 5.30 to 11 a.m.

12941

THOMAS' REGISTER

AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS

THE COMPLETE GUIDE TO "MADE IN U.S.A." PRODUCTS

A 3,500 page volume that furnishes a complete list of all the Manufacturers or primary sources of supply for the 70,000 articles manufactured in the United States.

The Register also shows who makes any special brand or Trade name. The only work of its kind that covers every line. Indispensable to buyers of American Goods.

Price \$32.50 (Mex.) Shanghai

ROSENSTOCK'S DIRECTORY, 4 Canton Rd., Shanghai

When you intend to visit

CHUNGKING

Make your

Headquarters at and

Address your Mail to

WIDLER & COMPANY

Chungking, West China

NAAMLIOZE VENNOOTSCHAP

Maatschappij Tot Mijn Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Chamber of Commerce Rooms, 1 Yuenming-yuen Road, on Wednesday, the 28th March, 1917, at 4 p.m.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 21st to the 28th March, 1917, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agent.

Shanghai, 27th February, 1917.
12988

NAAMLIOZE VENNOOTSCHAP

Maatschappij Tot Mijn Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of shareholders will be held in the offices of the Company, Tandjong Poera, Lower Langkat, Sumatra, at 10 a.m. on Saturday, the 28th April, 1917.

By Order of the Directors,
GEORGE McBAIN,
General Agent.
Shanghai, 27th February, 1917.
12989

The Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co., Ltd.

The annual general meeting of the Shareholders in the Company will be held at the Office of the General Agents on Saturday, the 10th March, 1917, at 11 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Statement of Accounts and Report of the Directors for the year ended 31st December, 1916.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 3rd to 10th March, 1917, both days inclusive.

Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.
General Agents,
Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co., Ltd.
Shanghai, 17th February, 1917.
12985

NOTICE

Mr. H. D. Fuller is no more connected with the business of this firm.

(Signed) **Star Garage Co.**
12981

NOTICE
Dr. R. W. Donohoe
the American Dentist, has
REMOVED

from
17 Nanking Road
to
11a Nanking Road
(Entrance over Denniston and Sullivan)
12910

RUSSIAN LADY DENTIST

MISS GAUHMANN undertakes and guarantees to give satisfaction in dental work of every description. Thoroughly up-to-date dental parlor. Only the best modern devices used in dental work.

Consulting hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 5.

20 NANKING ROAD
12739

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word
Minimum Charge 40 cents

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

EDUCATIONAL

GENTLEMAN wants Russian lessons by lady teacher. Apply to Box 185, THE CHINA PRESS.
12979 M 9

WANTED: two ladies (British), who are able to give lessons for three girls at home and teach them in music; also one lady is required for a small family with board. Apply to No. 33 Boone Road.
12977 M 8

EXPERIENCED Mandarin teacher has spare time for more pupils. Terms moderate. Please apply to Mr. Hsia, 1-83 North Soochow Road.
12955

WANTED, students to join evening class for German grammar by certificated teacher. Fee \$20 for 3 months. Please apply to German, to Box 170, THE CHINA PRESS.
12947 M 6

SUNLIGHT TENG wishes to teach Mandarin or Shanghai dialect from 8-9 or 9-10 a.m. Address 125 Cunningham Road, Shanghai.
12935 M 6

AN efficient teacher of mathematics wishes to have some private students in the afternoon. Please apply to Box 167, THE CHINA PRESS.
12937 M 6

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.
12921

NOTICE

MR. F. G. BOULON is no longer connected with the business of this Company.

The American Trading Co.
12939

NOTICE

THE undersigned hereby give notice:

That a Public Meeting of Ratepayers will be held in the Town Hall on Wednesday, March 21, 1917, at 2 o'clock p.m. precisely, to devise ways and means of raising the requisite funds for Municipal purposes, and to pass resolutions in reference thereto and to deliberate and decide upon other Municipal matters and business. At such meeting the accounts of the Council for the year ending December 31, 1916, will be submitted for the sanction and approval of the Ratepayers.

Shanghai, February 28, 1917.
D. SIFFERT,
Consul-General for Belgium.
T. RAASCHOU,
Consul-General for Denmark.
M. HARADA,
Acting Consul-General for Japan.
H. FRASER,
H. B. Majesty's Consul-General.
V. GROSSE,
Consul-General for Russia.
J. E. HULTMAN,
Consul-General for Sweden.
K. BERNAUER,
Consul-General for Austria-Hungary.
H. KNIPPING,
Consul-General for Germany.
G. DE BLANCK,
Consul-General for Cuba.
THOMAS SAMMONS,
Consul-General for U.S. of America.
DE REUS,
Consul-General for the Netherlands.
G. DE ROSSI,
Consul-General for Italy.
JORGENSEN,
Consul-General for Norway.
JORGE R. DE OLIVEIRA,
Consul-General for Portugal.
EMILE NAGGIAR,
Acting Consul-General for France.
JULIO PALENCIA,
Consul for Spain.
EUGO REISS,
Consul for Brazil.

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE

14-16 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms (Front and back, with bathrooms and verandah) to let. Moderate prices. Good table.

Tel. 3482

9408

Nos. 8 & 11 Quinsan Gardens

No. 8, a large room, 2 small rooms and bathroom. Suitable for a small family with board. Vacant 1st March.

BOARD-RESIDENCE

Location: Central, quiet, and select. Terms: Monthly and very moderate. Cuisine and Service: Excellent. Apply to Box No. 184, THE CHINA PRESS.
12976

TO LET, two comfortable, large rooms with attic. Apply to No. 33 Boone Road.
12975 M 8

COMFORTABLY furnished flat to let in a German family, on the Dixwell Road. Board optional. Apply to Box 180, THE CHINA PRESS.
12968 M 8

TO LET, in a highly modern Realty house in French-town, a well-furnished bed-sitting-room, suitable for a married couple or two bachelors, south exposure, with tiled bathroom, by a German couple. Apply to Box 160, THE CHINA PRESS.
12921

TO LET, two well-furnished flat; piano, free taxes, lights, water. Low rental. Only neutrals need apply. 8 Ward Road.
12938 M 25

TO LET: well-furnished rooms, with bathroom and verandah. Terms moderate. Apply to 17 Quinsan Gardens.
12944 M 6

CONNAUGHT HOUSE (3 Minghong Road), telephone 2650; central, comfortable furnished rooms, with or without board. Terms moderate.
12866 T. F.

TO LET, two very large rooms, bathroom and verandah attached. With or without board. Apply to 45 Bubbling Well Road.
12822 M 7

MISCELLANEOUS

PRIVATE FAMILY (Ally) can accommodate a few table boarders. Very Central. Apply to Box 136, THE CHINA PRESS.
12960

BUSINESS OPENINGS

WANTED, Compradore, with capital of Tls. 10,000. Interest ten per cent and commission. Apply to Box 177, THE CHINA PRESS.
12960

Exchange and Mart

MOTOR-CYCLE and side-car for sale, 3 1/2 h.p., Premier, practically new, with three-speed free engine, new Dunlop tyres, fine coach-built side-car, all in perfect condition, lamps and all accessories. Price Tls. 300. Apply Box 183, THE CHINA PRESS.
12971 M 6

WANTED, half-plate developing and printing outfit, chemicals, etc., also enlarging apparatus and post-card Kodak. Apply to Box 174, THE CHINA PRESS.
12968 M 7

FORD, 1917 hood, 5-seater, good condition, for sale cheap, Tls. 850. Apply to Box 165, THE CHINA PRESS.
12934 M 6

SITUATIONS WANTED

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT of Chinese Y.M.C.A. can fill your need for a competent typist, bookkeeper, clerk, etc. Address Secretary, 120 Szechuen Road.
12768

LADY stenotypist, experienced in engineering and commercial note-taking, desires extra work. Notes transcribed on the spot or at home and delivered by 9 next morning. Manuscripts in French also accepted. Neatness and accuracy guaranteed. Apply to Box 186, THE CHINA PRESS.
12978 M 9

MANAGER with old firm established in Shanghai, Tientsin, Peking, free for engagement. Neutral, speaking English, French, German, Mandarin dialects. Engineering ability. For interview, apply to Box 182, THE CHINA PRESS.
12970 M 10

EXPERIENCED bookkeeper and typist (Chinese) open for engagement during evenings. Accurate and confidential. Apply to Box 187, THE CHINA PRESS.
12983 M 8

ADVERTISER, 7 years in present employ, desires change of position. Knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting, cost and commercial work. Apply to Box 175, THE CHINA PRESS.
12957 M 7

POSITION WANTED by young lady, experienced stenographer and typist, with knowledge of general office work. Please apply to Box 155, THE CHINA PRESS.
12904 M 7

IF you want a good Japanese servant, apply to Iwaya, No. C-1562 Kashing Road, Shanghai.
12928

WANTED, position as godown-keeper, storekeeper or timekeeper by a Chinese. Many years' experience in Shanghai. Moderate salary. Apply to Box 124, THE CHINA PRESS.
T. F.

LOST

STRAYED: from 17 Carter Road, on Sunday, at 10.30 a.m., an iron-grey and black half-setter and pointer dog, long rough coat, wearing collar with licence number, and muzzle. Reward if necessary. Finder please communicate with above address. Tel. Nos. W. 380 or 3074.
12980 M 8

SITUATION VACANT

NURSE WANTED, to look after one child; capable, experienced; good salary. Apply to Box 172, THE CHINA PRESS.
12952 M 7

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, unfurnished flat by Britisher. Please state lowest terms and particulars to Box 176, THE CHINA PRESS.
12959 M 7

FOR SALE, one nearly new Studebaker motor-car, 4 cylinders, 7 passengers, model 1916. Price Tls. 1,500; and one new billiard table, not yet used. Price Tls. 350. Apply 25 Rue du Consulat.
12981 M 8